

City of Satellite Beach, Florida ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Table of Contents Year Ended September 30, 2022

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CITY OF SATELLITE BEACH, FLORIDA

565 Cassia Boulevard 32937-3116 Satellite Beach, FL 32937 (321) 773-4407

FAX: (321) 779-1388



March 24, 2023

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Governing Council and City of Satellite Beach:

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that has been established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Carr Riggs & Ingram Certified Public Accountants & Advisors have issued an unmodified ("Clean") opinion on the City of Satellite Beach's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2022. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A compliments the letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The City of Satellite Beach, incorporated in 1957, is a coastal community spanning the barrier island between the Banana River segment of the Indian River Lagoon on the west and the Atlantic Ocean on the east. It currently occupies 3.8 square miles, of which 2.9 miles are land and 617 acres are navigable water in the Banana River and the City's Canals. The population for the City of Satellite Beach was 11,393 in 2022.

The City of Satellite Beach operates under the Council-Manager form of government. This form of local government combines the strong political leadership of elected officials in the form of a council, with the strong managerial experience of a City Manager. The City has a five-member Council. All Council Members are elected to four-year terms, and elections are staggered with three elected one year, and two being elected two years later. The City of Satellite Beach Council hires/appoints the City of Satellite Beach Manager, who in turn hires City department directors.

The City of Satellite Beach provides a full range of services, including police and fire, street, and storm water maintenance, planning and zoning, recreation, and parks, as well as general administration services. The City of Melbourne provides water to the City of Satellite Beach and is

responsible for the maintenance of the water lines, and Brevard County provides sewer services and is responsible for the maintenance of the sewer lines.

The annual budget serves as a foundation for the City's financial planning. Budget requests are required to be submitted to the City Manager by department directors. These requests are used as a starting point for developing the proposed budget. The City Manager is required by City Charter to present the proposed budget to City Council. Public hearings are required to be held by City Council on the proposed budget. The annual budget must be adopted by City Council by September 30, the City's fiscal year end. Budget to actual comparisons is provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

Local Economy and Outlook

The City of Satellite Beach is primarily a residential community with strong property values, a family-oriented community, and beautiful beaches (40% of the City's 2.8 miles of oceanfront property is City owned for public access). The City is approximately 96% built-out. The largest remaining tract of vacant land includes a nearly 100-acre parcel in the northeast quadrant of the City that was formerly used for Patrick Space Force Base military housing that was demolished in 2012. Although currently no plans have been submitted to the City regarding this parcel, the City has seen an increase in residential, multi-family, and commercial development on remaining available land citywide, as well as significant improvements and renovations made to existing residential properties as property values increase and the City continues to be a highly desirable community within Brevard County.

The Brevard Public School system is ranked third in the state with 98% of schools making a grade of "A" or "B", and all the schools in Satellite Beach are "A" rated. According to the Space Coast Economic Development Commission, the Space Coast area boasts 48 engineers per 1,000 workers, more than any other metro area in the state. The City's economy has benefited from its proximity to Patrick Space Force Base, Kennedy Space Center, and the growth of the rocket industry out of Cape Canaveral. The City has also been positively impacted by the relocation/expansion of major corporations within Brevard County, including Boeing, Embraer Executive Jets, General Electric, Lockheed Martin, Northrop Grumman, and the world headquarters of Harris Corporation.

Long-term Financial Planning and Major Initiatives

The City of Satellite Beach prepared a five-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP), which is updated annually. The City has not formally adopted a long-term financial plan, however the financial policies and the Capital Improvement Plan (CIP), address the City's long-term financial plans.

The latest CIP was adopted by the City Council for the Fiscal Year 2022-2023 through Fiscal Year 2026-2027. The City desires to maintain current service levels and improve upon and maintain facilities and infrastructure.

To achieve long-term plans, the City annually updates its goals and objectives for each calendar year. The City desires to continue to invest in technology and training to consistently improve service delivery and communication. City Council's goals for 2022-2023 included several major initiatives, and continued efforts on long-range goals, including working to make the City more financially sustainable, and fiscally able to respond to natural disasters; continue to work renewing the City's facilities and infrastructure; seek grant opportunities to help offset costs and unforeseen

expenditures; projects and strategies to protect and restore the Indian River Lagoon; develop employee training; a citizen's academy focused on sustainable practices; and continue working to complete the City's Sustainability Action Plan Green Achievement Targets.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City of Satellite Beach has adopted comprehensive financial policies. The City of Satellite Beach has a policy that requires the adoption of a balanced annual operating budget. The City was able to maintain a positive unassigned reserve of \$732,570 for fiscal year 2021-2022 an increase of \$129,286 from the prior year. The City budgets for all positions and when there are positions that are unable to be filled immediately those funds are able to add to the City's unassigned reserves.

The City of Satellite Beach created a Stabilization Reserve Policy in 2013. This policy was created to maintain and manage the General Fund Stabilization Reserve (committed funds in the City's reserves) to help restore stability to the City's finances following several years of economic downturn. This Stabilization Reserve was established to fund expenditures incurred in response to major disasters, fund other non-routine expenditures approved by formal action of the City Council, and to protect the City's credit rating by ensuring the City's ability to continue to make prompt payments to creditors/vendors when emergencies occur. This reserve is not permitted to fund new programs or other expenditures that should be funded with operating revenues, contingences, and unassigned General Fund reserves. By October 1, 2023, at least 60 days of budgeted operating expenditures, excluding capital costs and transfers from the General Fund Balance (City reserves), are planned to be committed to the Stabilization Reserve. To use these funds, City Council is required to formally recognize the natural disaster or other non-routine occasion before making final decisions on using the Stabilization Reserves. 80% of the net position for fiscal year 2021-2022 increased the Stabilization Reserve from \$2,536,661 to \$2,902,378. 60 days of operating expenditures for fiscal year 2021-2022 is \$2,167,761. The City is projected to follow the Stabilization Reserve Policy by October 1, 2023.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award to the City of Satellite Beach for its annual budget document dated October 1, 2022. To qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the City's budget document must be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United State and Canada (GFOA) awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for its annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) dated September 30, 2021. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition in governmental accounting and financial reporting, and its attainment represents a significant accomplishment by government and its management. The ACFR has been judged by an impartial panel to meet the highest standards of the program, which includes demonstrating a constructive "spirit of full disclosure" to clearly communicate its financial story and motivate potential users and user groups to read the ACFR.

The preparation of these reports would not have been possible without the skill, effort, and dedication of the entire Support Services Department. We wish to thank the City for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare this report. Credit is also due to the Mayor and the Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Satellite Beach's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Courtney Barker City Manager

Brittany Jumper-Retherford

Assistant City Manager/Support Services

Brittany Jumper-Retherford

City of Satellite Beach, Florida City Officials Year Ended September 30, 2022

<u>Mayor</u> Steve Osmer

<u>Vice Mayor</u> Jodi Rozycki

Council Members
Mindy Gibson
Dominick Montanaro
David Vigliotti

<u>City Attorney</u> James P. Beadle

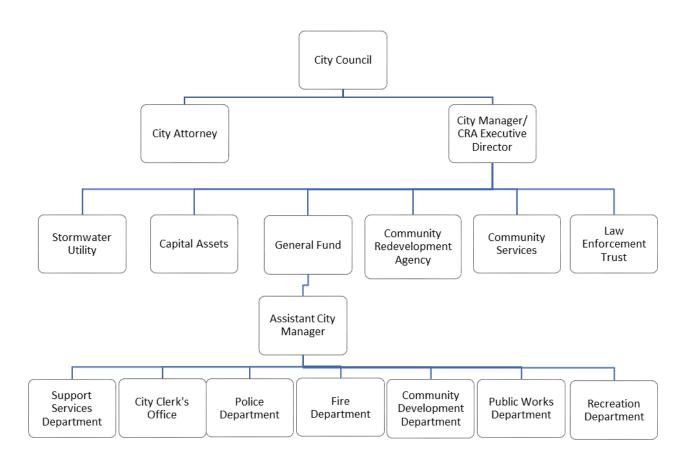
<u>City Manager</u> Courtney Barker

> <u>City Clerk</u> Gwen Peirce

<u>Assistant City Manager / Support Services Director</u>
Brittany Retherford

Comptroller Nick Walsh

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Organizational Chart Year Ended September 30, 2022





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Satellite Beach Florida

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Satellite Beach, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Satellite Beach, Florida (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Satellite Beach, Florida, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Satellite Beach, Florida and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, in fiscal year 2022, the City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's internal control.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

• Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information, the defined benefit pension plan information and the other postemployment benefits information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the budgetary comparison schedules of nonmajor funds and the capital asset fund are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the budgetary comparison schedules of nonmajor funds and the capital asset fund are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Melbourne, Florida March 24, 2023

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

As management of the City of Satellite Beach, Florida (the "City"), we offer readers of the financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Satellite Beach, Florida, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred inflows of resources of the City of Satellite Beach, Florida, exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$25,986,080 (net position). Of this amount, (\$8,397,013) represents the unrestricted net deficit due to recording of the total OPEB obligation and related deferred inflows and outflows of \$4,915,387; pension liabilities and related deferred inflows and outflows of \$5,547,506; and compensated absences of \$779,923 which are not currently funded.
- The City's total net position increased by \$3,262,958, primarily due to increases in capital assets and deferred inflows & outflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's governmental
 funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,003,471, a decrease of \$2,917,777 in
 comparison with the prior year. This is mainly due to paying off the loan with Florida
 Department of Environmental Protection for the purpose of funding stormwater projects
 while awaiting the State Revolving Fund loans.
- The City of Satellite Beach, Florida's total long-term liabilities (excluding pension and OPEB liabilities) decreased by \$3,135,745 during the current fiscal year. The decrease is due to a net decrease in notes payable and financed purchases of \$3,519,145 and a net decrease in the lease liability of \$42,058 offset by a net increase compensated absences of \$425,458.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's basic financial statements. The City of Satellite Beach, Florida's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information (RSI) in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's finances, in a manner like a private-sector business. All the City's activities are reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The statement of net position presents information on all the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the elements reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Satellite Beach, Florida is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 28-31 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Satellite Beach, Florida, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the City of Satellite Beach, Florida can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Satellite Beach, Florida, maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Community Redevelopment Agency fund, the Capital Assets Fund, the Stormwater Utility, and the American Rescue Plan Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other two governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation called "nonmajor funds".

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 32-38 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's own programs. Fiduciary fund financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 39-40 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 41-82 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information (RSI) concerning the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's budgetary compliance, other postemployment benefits and pension obligations. The City of Satellite Beach, Florida adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and all of its major special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with the budgets.

Required supplementary information can be found on pages 85-97 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a City's financial position. In the case of the City of Satellite Beach, Florida, assets, and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$25,986,080 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The following table reflects the condensed statement of net position:

CITY OF SATELLITE BEACH, FLORIDA'S Net Position

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Current and other assets	\$ 9,736,968	\$ 10,744,670
Capital assets, net	42,991,745	39,695,409
Total assets	52,728,713	50,440,079
Deferred outflows of resources	5,530,331	1,769,916
Long-term liabilities outstanding	21,684,892	17,576,280
Other liabilities	6,702,969	4,498,939
Total liabilities	28,387,861	22,075,219
Deferred inflows of resources	3,885,103	7,411,654
Net Position:		_
Net investment in		
capital assets	34,100,017	27,510,228
Restricted	283,076	2,909,105
Unrestricted (deficit)	(8,397,013)	(7,696,211)
Total net position	\$ 25,986,080	\$ 22,723,122

By far the largest portion of the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, equipment, and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets still outstanding.

The City of Satellite Beach, Florida, uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Satellite Beach, Florida reports net investment in capital assets, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional \$283,076 of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Satellite Beach, Florida, is only able to report a positive balance in its net investment in capital assets and restricted net position. The City reported an unrestricted net deficit of (\$8,397,013), primarily due to recording of the OPEB obligation of \$4,339,884, compensated absences of \$779,923 and aggregate net pension liability of \$7,868,647 and related deferred inflows of resources of \$3,885,103 offset by deferred outflows of resources of \$5,530,331. These liabilities are not currently funded.

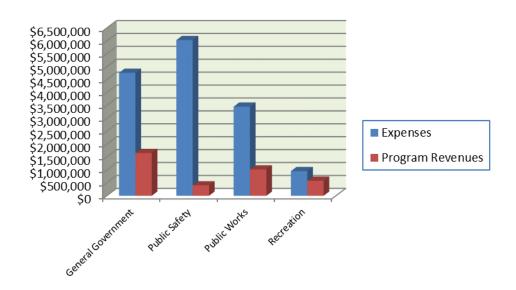
The following table shows condensed revenue and expense data:

CITY OF SATELLITE BEACH, FLORIDA'S Changes in Net Position

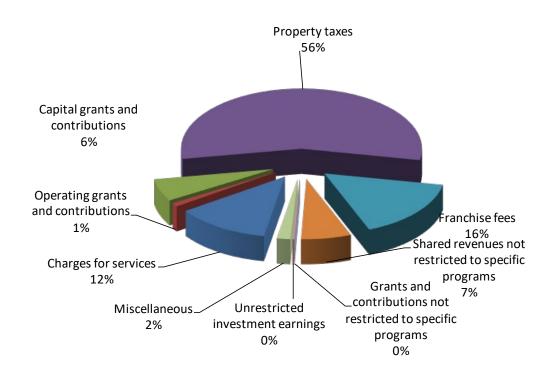
	2022	<u>2021</u>		
Program Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 2,358,614	\$	2,188,948	
Operating grants and contributions	182,179		238,888	
Capital grants and contributions	1,115,244		27,780	
General revenues:				
Property taxes	10,429,297		9,792,447	
Franchise fees and other taxes	2,984,743		2,731,231	
Shared revenues not restricted to				
specific programs	1,260,528		1,080,144	
Grants and contributions not				
restricted to specific programs	210		33,905	
Unrestricted investment earnings	48,948		12,342	
Miscellaneous	340,028		305,990	
Total revenues	18,719,791		16,411,675	
Program expenses:				
General government	4,762,470		3,414,609	
Public safety	6,029,889		5,040,014	
Public works	3,451,619		2,838,554	
Recreation	952,427		1,002,740	
Interest on long term debt	260,428		297,871	
Total expenses	15,456,833		12,593,788	
Change in net position	 3,262,958		3,817,887	
Net position- beginning	 22,723,125		18,905,238	
Net position- ending	\$ 25,986,083	\$	22,723,125	

The City's net position increased by \$3,262,958 during the current fiscal year.

Statement of Activities – Government-wide Expenses and Program Revenues



Statement of Activities – Government-wide Revenues by Source



Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Satellite Beach, Florida, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,003,471, a decrease of \$2,917,777 in comparison with the prior year. The fund balances of nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned indicate that it is not available for new spending because it is obligated for prepaid items (\$595,988) restricted for specific purposes (\$283,076), committed for specific projects (\$31,066) or assigned to pay for obligations previously authorized by the City (\$3,096,748). Unrestricted, unassigned fund deficit was \$(1,003,407) at year end.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Satellite Beach, Florida. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance was \$591,234, while total fund balance was \$3,725,075. The fund balance of the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's General Fund increased by \$713,061 during the current fiscal year. The increase is primarily due to revenues being higher than estimated, vacancies, and transfers to the capital asset fund less than originally anticipated.

The Community Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Fund has a total fund balance of \$0, this is due to a new requirement from State Statute. Community redevelopment agencies are no longer allowed to carry forward a fund balance; they must provide remaining funds back to the taxing authorities.

The Capital Assets Fund has a total fund deficit of \$(339,582). The net \$584,539 decrease in fund balance during the current year in the Capital Assets Fund was due to the public works building not being completed until Summer 2022 and having overruns in project costs.

The Stormwater Utility Fund has a total fund deficit of \$(696,164) at year-end. The net decrease of \$3,043,150 was primarily due to the retirement of the notes payable during the year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget (net increase of \$666,391 in appropriated expenditures and transfers out) can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$214,716 in increases in the budget for General Government Services, Legislative, City Clerk's office and Support Services to support increases in personnel and vendor costs.
- \$596,586 in increases in the budget for transfers out for the City's support of projects in the Stormwater Utility and Capital Projects funds.

Differences between the final amended budget and actual expenditures and transfers out can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$40,839 in decreases in General Government Services, Legislative, City Clerk's office and Support Services
- \$65,108 in decreases in Police and Fire
- \$10,028 in decreases in Public Works and Community Development
- \$6,451 in decreases in Recreation
- \$358,105 in increases in Transfers out

This decrease in department expenditures is due to worker's compensation rates being lower than originally anticipated and vacancies throughout the fiscal year. The increase in transfers out is due to moving general revenue to capital asset fund to cover projects.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City of Satellite Beach, Florida's investment in capital assets as of September 30, 2022, amounts to \$42,991,745 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress. The total increase in the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was approximately 7 percent.

CITY OF SATELLITE BEACH, FLORIDA'S Capital Assets

(net of depreciation)

	 2022	2021
Land	\$ 11,406,744	\$ 11,406,744
Buildings	3,701,713	3,920,772
Improvements other than buildings	3,920,523	2,272,002
Equipment	3,211,252	3,292,181
Infrastructure	13,210,442	12,098,240
Right-to-use lease assets	227,688	-
Construction in progress	7,313,383	6,705,469
Total	\$ 42,991,745	\$ 39,695,408

Additional information on the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's capital assets, can be found in Note 2 on page 58-59 of this report.

Notes payable and financed purchases. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Satellite Beach, Florida, had notes payable outstanding of \$8,464,242.

The City's notes payable and financed purchases balance decreased by \$3,519,145 during the current fiscal year due to paying off Revenue Note, Series 2021.

Lease liability. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Satellite Beach, Florida, had \$232,196 in outstanding lease liabilities.

Compensated absences. Employees are permitted to accrue earned and unused vacation leave up to a maximum of one and one-half times the annual rate of accrual.

Sick leave is permitted to accrue up to 1,080 hours for employees who are scheduled for forty (40) hours a week and 1,620 hours for employees who are scheduled for fifty-six (56) hours a week.

Upon termination, with restrictions, employees will be paid fifty percent (50%) of up to seven hundred twenty (720) hours or a maximum of three hundred sixty (360) hours of unused sick leave and one hundred percent (100%) of accrued vacation leave.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Satellite Beach, Florida, had total compensated absences of \$779,923. Total compensated absences increased by a net amount of \$425,458 during the year, which includes additions of \$634,325 and reductions of \$208,867.

It is estimated that \$504,421 of these compensated absences will be due within one year based upon average usage over the three prior years.

Additional information on the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's long-term debt can be found in Note 2 on pages 60-64 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Inflationary trends in the region compared to national indices. Among other factors, this was considered in preparing the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's budget for the 2021/2022 fiscal year.

The City of Satellite Beach, Florida, in 2021/2022 did allocate an additional \$560,087 of the total fund balance as an assigned balance to be utilized as an emergency reserve per Ordinance 936. In addition, the City increased the unassigned fund balance by \$140,022 from the previous fiscal year. In 2013 Council adopted Ordinance 936 establishing an emergency reserve to assist in managing future unforeseen circumstances. These reserves will assist the City in managing any unforeseen future economic factors that may negatively affect the City. Based on past experience FEMA reimbursement is not expected to be completely received and the City will have to take in consideration other alternatives in order to continue capital projects along with keeping up the services currently provided to our residents.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Support Services Department, City of Satellite Beach, 565 Cassia Blvd., Satellite Beach, Florida, 32937.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Statement of Net Position - Government-wide

	Governmental
September 30, 2022	Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,325,193
Investments	5,963,910
Accounts receivable	297,153
Due from other governments	517,077
Prepaid items	595,988
Derivative instrument - interest rate swap	37,647
Capital assets not being depreciated:	
Land	11,406,744
Construction in progress	7,313,383
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization:	
Buildings	3,701,713
Improvements other than buildings	3,920,523
Equipment	3,211,252
Infrastructure	13,210,442
Right-to-use lease assets	227,688
Total assets	52,728,713
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to other post employment benefits	1,377,421
Deferred outflows related to pensions	4,152,910
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,530,331

	Governmental
September 30, 2022	Activities
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	528,114
Due to other governments	744,268
Accrued expenses	380,322
Accrued interest payable	69,882
Unearned revenue	4,980,383
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	
Compensated absences	504,421
Notes payable	1,000,578
Lease liabilities	85,213
Due in more than one year	
Compensated absences	275,502
Notes payable	7,463,664
Lease liability	146,983
Other post employment benefits	4,339,884
Net pension liability	7,868,647
Total liabilities	28,387,861
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Accumulated increase in fair value of derivative instrument - interest rate swap	37,647
Deferred revenue - business tax receipts	62,763
Deferred inflows related to other post employment benefits	1,952,924
Deferred inflows related to pensions	1,831,769
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,885,103
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	34,100,017
Restricted for:	
Community services	245,519
Law enforcement	37,557
Unrestricted (deficit)	(8,397,013)
Total net position	\$ 25,986,080

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Statement of Activities - Government-wide

For the year ended September 30, 2022

			Program Revenues				
					Operating		Capital
			Charges for		Grants and		Grants and
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services	C	ontributions		Contributions
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$	4,762,470	\$ 433,292	\$	124,134	\$	1,098,118
Public safety		6,029,889	337,168		54,835		9,125
Public works		3,451,619	1,007,868		3,210		8,000
Recreation		952,427	580,286		-		1
Interest and related costs on							
long-term debt		260,428	-		-		-
Total governmental activities	\$	15,456,833	\$ 2,358,614	\$	182,179	\$	1,115,244

General revenues:

Property taxes

Franchise fees and other taxes

Shared revenues not restricted to specific programs

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year

Net position, end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position

\$ (3,106,926) (5,628,761) (2,432,541) (372,140)

(260,428) (11,800,796)

10,429,297 2,984,743 1,260,528 210 48,948 340,028 15,063,754 3,262,958 22,723,122 \$ 25,986,080

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds

			Pod	Community levelopment		Capital
September 30, 2022		General	neu	Agency		Capital Assets
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,507,937	\$	622,584	\$	-
Investments		1,031,140		121,684		10,776
Accounts receivable		195,692		-		97,413
Due from other funds		1,280,848		-		-
Due from other governments		266,995		-		-
Prepaid items		37,093		-		551,706
Total assets	\$	4,319,705	\$	744,268	\$	659,895
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:	ć	206 122	¢		¢	27 702
Accounts payable	\$	206,132	\$	-	\$	27,783
Accrued expenses		325,735		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		504,000
Due to other funds		-		-		467,694
Due to other governments		-		744,268		-
Total liabilities		531,867		744,268		999,477
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Deferred revenue - business tax receipts		62,763		-		-
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable		37,093		-		551,706
Restricted		-		-		-
Committed		-		-		-
Assigned		3,096,748		-		-
Unassigned		591,234		-		(891,288)
Total fund balances (deficits)		3,725,075		-		(339,582)
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficits)	\$	4,319,705	\$	744,268	\$	659,895

 Stormwater Utility				Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$ - 34,110	\$	- 4,749,599	\$	194,672 16,601	\$	2,325,193 5,963,910	
-		-		4,048		297,153	
-		-		-		1,280,848	
124,133		-		125,949		517,077	
 7,189		-		-		595,988	
\$ 165,432	\$	4,749,599	\$	341,270	\$	10,980,169	
\$ 163,362	\$	72,643	\$	58,194	\$	528,114	
26,133		28,454		-		380,322	
-		4,476,383		-		4,980,383	
672,101		141,053		-		1,280,848	
-		-		-		744,268	
861,596		4,718,533		58,194		7,913,935	
 -		-		-		62,763	
7,189		_		_		595,988	
-		_		283,076		283,076	
_		31,066		-		31,066	
_		-		-		3,096,748	
(703,353)		-		-		(1,003,407)	
(696,164)		31,066		283,076		3,003,471	
\$ 165,432	\$	4,749,599	\$	341,270	\$	10,980,169	



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City of Satellite Beach, Florida Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

September 30, 2022

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$ 3,003,471
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	42,991,745
Deferred outflow of resources related to pensions and other post employment benefits are not recognized in the governmental funds; however, they are recorded in the statement of net position under full accrual accounting.	5,530,331
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other post employment benefits are not recognized in the funds; however, they are recorded in the statement of net position under full accrual accounting.	(3,784,693)
Long-term liabilities, including OPEB liability, net pension liability, lease liability and compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(21,684,892)
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.	(69,882)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 25,986,080

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

For the year ended September 30, 2022

			Community	
		Red	development	Capital
	General		Agency	Assets
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 11,631,579	\$	876,279	\$ 906,182
Licenses and permits	481,038		-	-
Intergovernmental	1,383,274		-	-
Charges for services	827,358		-	-
Fines and forfeitures	56,504		-	-
Investment and other income	54,819		3,228	48,599
Total revenues	14,434,572		879,507	954,781
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	3,325,880		749,957	_
Public safety	5,951,785		-	_
Public works	2,683,609		_	-
Recreation	893,242		_	-
Capital outlay	97,052 -		1,476,745	
Debt service:	,			, ,
Principal retired	85,629		386,800	555,534
Interest and other	14,768		78,219	165,165
Total expenditures	13,051,965		1,214,976	2,197,444
Excess (deficiency) of				
revenues over (under)				
expenditures	1,382,607		(335,469)	(1,242,663)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	2,047,764		2,156,238	658,124
Transfers out	(2,814,362)		(1,822,173)	-
Proceeds from the issuance of debt	53,481		-	_
Lease proceeds	43,571		_	_
Net other financing	,			
sources (uses)	(669,546)		334,065	658,124
Net change in fund balances	713,061		(1,404)	(584,539)
Fund balances, beginning of year	3,012,014		1,404	244,957
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ 3,725,075	\$		\$ (339,582)

		Total						
Stormwater			Rescue		Nonmajor	Governmental		
	Utility	Plan		Funds				
	,							
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 13,414,040		
	-		-		-	481,038		
	124,134		1,098,118		-	2,605,526		
	965,443		-		515	1,793,316		
	-		-		-	56,504		
	2,375		30,937		229,409	369,367		
	1,091,952		1,129,055		229,924	18,719,791		
	-		37,775		-	4,113,612		
	-		-		17,554	5,969,339		
	171,542		34,721		171,325	3,061,197		
	-		-		7,385	900,627		
	1,072,737		1,025,622		66,342	3,738,498		
	3,011,992		-		-	4,039,955		
	34,940		-		-	293,092		
	4,291,211		1,098,118		262,606	22,116,320		
	(3,199,259)		30,937		(32,682)	(3,396,529)		
	-		-		-	4,862,126		
	(225,591)		-		-	(4,862,126)		
	381,700		-		-	435,181		
	-		-		-	43,571		
	156,109		_		-	478,752		
	(3,043,150)		30,937		(32,682)	(2,917,777)		
	2,346,986		129		315,758	5,921,248		
\$	(696,164)	\$	31,066	\$	283,076	\$ 3,003,471		

City of Satellite Beach, Florida

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year	ar ended Se	ptember	30,	2022
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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation/amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation/amortization in the current period. Capital outlay Depreciation expense (632,398) In the statement of activities, only the gain (loss) on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the book value of the capital assets sold. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	3,106,100 (84,018)
statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation/amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation/amortization in the current period. Capital outlay Sa,738,498 Depreciation expense (632,398) In the statement of activities, only the gain (loss) on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the book value of the capital assets sold. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and	
is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the book value of the capital assets sold. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and	(84,018)
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and	
	3,561,203
Some expenses, such as compensated absences and accrued interest expense are reported in the statement of activities when earned or incurred. As they do not require the use of current financial resources, they are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds until they have matured. This is the amount of such expenses reported in the statement of activities in the prior year that have matured in the current year.	(392,794)
Expenses related to the City's net pension obligations reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(122,456)
Expenses related to the City's OPEB obligation reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	112,700
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 3,262,958

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Pension Trust Funds

29,945,323

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	
Receivables:	
Contributions	\$ 72,655
Due from other governments	103,280
Investments, at fair value:	
Florida Municipal Investment Trust Fund	29,769,388

September 30, 2022

Total assets

LIABILITIES	
Benefits payable	-
Total liabilities	-

NET POSITION\$ 29,945,323Net position restricted for pension benefits\$ 29,945,323

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Pension Trust Funds

For the year ended September 30, 2022

ADDITIONS	
Contributions:	
Employees	\$ 207,503
City	921,780
State	206,560
Total contributions	1,335,843
Investment earnings:	
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	(4,572,150)
Total additions	(3,236,307)
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefit payments	1,657,162
Administrative expenses	97,145
Total deductions	1,754,307
Change in net position	(4,990,614)
Net position, beginning of year	34,935,937
Net position, end of year	\$ 29,945,323

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The City of Satellite Beach, Florida (the "City") was created pursuant to Chapter 73-129, Laws of Florida, in 1957. The City currently provides the following services: public safety, stormwater management, public works, planning and zoning, community development, recreation, and general administrative services. Education, public utilities, and sanitation are administered by other governmental entities. The City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and four member governing council (the "Council"). The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government. The City has no discretely presented component units. The accounting policies of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principals (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The more significant accounting policies used by the City are described below.

In evaluating the City as a reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units in accordance with Section 2100: *Defining the Financial Reporting Entity* of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification.

Blended Component Units

The Community Redevelopment Agency (the "Agency") was established by the City Council in June 2002 to promote the rehabilitation, conservation and/or redevelopment of the Community Redevelopment Area (the "Area"). The Agency is governed by a board comprised of five commissioners who also serve as members of the City Council. Revenue sources for the Agency consist primarily of property taxes from the Area and support from the City's General Fund. Any bond issue authorizations are approved by the City Council and the legal liability for the general obligation portion of the Agency's debt remains with the government. The Agency is reported as a major special revenue fund for the year ended September 30, 2022.

The City of Satellite Beach police officers and firefighters participate in the City of Satellite Beach Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement System (Police Officers' and Firefighters' System). The Police Officers' and Firefighters' System functions for the benefit of these employees and are governed by a five-member pension board of trustees. The City appoints two members and the police and firefighters select two members to serve as trustees. The four-member board elects the fifth member who is appointed by City Council in a ministerial duty to serve as a trustee. The City is authorized to establish benefit levels and to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels.

The City of Satellite Beach general employees participate in the City of Satellite Beach General Employees' Retirement System (General Employees' System) if they were hired prior to September 30, 1996 or the General Employees' Money Purchase Pension Plan (Money Purchase Plan) if they were hired subsequent to September 30, 1996.

Blended Component Units (Continued)

Both plans function for the benefit of all regular city employees, but the General Employees' System is governed by a five-member pension board of trustees. The City appoints three members and the employees select two members to serve as trustees. The City is authorized to establish benefit levels and to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels for the General Employees' System and also is financially responsible for funding the Money Purchase Plan.

The Police Officers' and Firefighters' System and the General Employees' System are recorded as pension trust funds in the fiduciary funds. Complete financial statements for each of the individual component units may be obtained at the City's administrative offices located at:

565 Cassia Blvd Satellite Beach, Florida 32937

Excluded from the Reporting Entity

The Satellite Beach Volunteer Fire Department, Inc. is a nonprofit organization separate from the City. This potential component unit is excluded from the reporting entity because the City does not exert significant influence or control over the volunteer fire department, nor does it have the right to the surplus of the volunteer fire department.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used which are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. *Governmental activities* are those which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental or proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The City has no proprietary funds.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within twelve months of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The pension trust funds are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from the governmental funds. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Community Redevelopment Agency Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for the rehabilitation, conservation and/or redevelopment of the Community Redevelopment Area. The Community Redevelopment Agency fund is presented separately as a major fund, which is also in compliance with Florida Statute 163.387. This fund receives special incremental ad-valorem tax levies to pay for rehabilitation and redevelopment of the specified area in need of improvement to sustain the tax base.

The *Capital Assets Fund* accounts for the proceeds from utility service taxes. These funds are to be used to fund the acquisition and construction of certain capital assets and expenditures for services approved by the City Council that substitute or outsource a capital asset need identified in the capital improvements plan.

The Stormwater Utility Fund is used to account for the proceeds of the stormwater utility fee – an annual assessment on each property in the City – to pay for stormwater-drainage system improvements and maintenance within the City.

The American Rescue Plan Fund is used to account for the government proceeds made to support public health expenditures, address negative economic impacts caused by the public health emergency, replace lost public sector revenue, provide premium pay for essential workers and invest in water, sewer, and broadband infrastructure.

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The *pension trust funds* account for the activities of the City's single-employer, defined benefit pension plan that covers all police and fire employees (which includes a defined contribution plan component) and its single-employer, defined benefit pension plan that covers all general employees hired prior to September 30, 1996. The plans accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

The City's nonmajor governmental funds consist of a community services fund and a law enforcement trust fund.

During the course of operations, the City has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental fund) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

Budgetary Information

The City has elected, as permitted by Section 2400: *Budgetary Reporting* of the GASB Codification, to disclose all budgetary information in the notes to the required supplementary information.

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity

Cash and cash equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Investments

Investments for the City are reported at fair value (generally based on quoted market prices) except for the positions in Public Assets for Liquidity Management (Florida PALM), the Florida Municipal Investment Trust (FMIvT), the State of Florida State Board of Administration Local Government Surplus Trust Fund (Florida PRIME), and the Special Purpose Investment Account (SPIA), which are local government investment pools.

These pools meet all of the specified criteria in GASB Codification Section I50: *Investments* to qualify to elect to measure their investments at amortized cost. Accordingly, the fair value of the City's position in the pools is equal to the value of the pooled shares.

Receivables and payables

Receivables – Receivables are comprised primarily of franchise fees and utility taxes. All receivables are considered to be fully collectible, therefore, an allowance for doubtful accounts is not considered necessary.

As provided by law, the Brevard County Property Appraiser assesses all properties for ad valorem taxing purposes and the Brevard County Tax Collector collects and distributes all taxes. Ad valorem taxes are levied based on property valuation as of January 1. The fiscal year for which ad valorem taxes are levied begins on October 1. Taxes are due beginning November 1, delinquent on April 1, and liened on May 30. Property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year for which they are budgeted and also become due and payable. Virtually all unpaid taxes are collected via tax sale certificates sold on or prior to June 1; therefore, no material taxes are receivable at fiscal year-end.

Accrued expenses – Accrued expenses primarily consist of amounts accrued for salaries and related liabilities.

Unearned revenue — Unearned revenue recorded on the governmental fund balance sheet represents amounts received before eligibility requirements are met.

Interfund Activities and Transactions

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" within the fund financial statements. Long-term borrowings between funds are classified as "advances to other funds" or "advances from other funds" in the fund financial statements. These amounts are eliminated in the government-wide statement of net position.

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Interfund Activities and Transactions (Continued)

Interfund transactions are reflected as services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Services provided, deemed to be at or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when on fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefitting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

Prepaid items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, right-to-use lease assets and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	20-40
Building improvements	12-20
Infrastructure	60
Vehicles	5-12
Equipment	3-18
Right-to-use lease assets	3-12

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Deferred outflows / inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

The City has two (2) items that qualify for reporting as deferred outflows of resources, the deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB) and the deferred outflows related to pensions, both reported in the government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position. The deferred outflows related to pensions are an aggregate of items related to pensions as calculated in accordance with Section P20: Pension Activities – Reporting for Benefits through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria of the GASB Codification. The deferred outflows related to pensions will be recognized as either pension expense or a reduction in the net pension liability (asset) in future reporting years. The deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits are an aggregate of items related to pensions as calculated in accordance with Section P50: Pension Activities – Other Postemployment Benefits of the GASB Codification. The deferred outflows related to OPEB will be recognized as either expense or a reduction in the OPEB liability in future reporting years.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The City has four items that qualify for reporting as deferred inflows of resources. The *deferred inflows related to pensions* are an aggregate of items related to pensions as calculated in accordance with Section P20: *Pension Activities* – *Reporting for Benefits through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria* of the GASB Codification. The deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized as a reduction to pension expense in future reporting years. The *deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits* (*OPEB*) are an aggregate of items related to OPEB as calculated in accordance with GASB Codification Section P52: *Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* – *Reporting Benefits Not Provided through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria*.

The deferred revenue - business tax receipts (BTR) relate to a non-exchange transaction where the City has received funds, however it does not meet the requirement for recognition of revenue in the current period, and will be recognized in a future period. The accumulated increase in fair value of derivative instrument - interest rate swap relate to a transaction the City entered into where it exchanged the variable interest rate on a note payable for a fixed rate. The variable rate is currently lower than the fixed rate, resulting in a negative fair value at September 30, 2022. The deferred inflows related to the swap will be recognized as an adjustment to interest expense in future reporting years.

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Swap agreements

The City has engaged in effective interest rate swap agreements and has recorded the swap agreements at fair value in accordance with Section I50: *Investments* of the GASB Codification.

Compensated absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits which are eligible for payment upon separation from service with the City. All sick and vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. In accordance with GASB Codification Section I30: *Interest Costs – Imputation*, debt issuance costs are expensed in the period incurred except for prepaid insurance costs.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize debt premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Leases

Lease contracts that provide the City with control of a non-financial asset, such as land, buildings or equipment, for a period of time in excess of twelve months are reported as a leased asset with a related lease liability. The lease liability is recorded at the present value of future lease payments, including fixed payments, variable payments based on an index or fixed rate and reasonably certain residual guarantees. The intangible leased asset is recorded for the same amount as the related lease liability plus any prepayments and initial direct costs to place the asset in service. Leased assets are amortized over the shorter of the useful life of the asset or the lease term. The lease liability is reduced for lease payments made, less the interest portion of the lease payment.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position, and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan.

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Pensions (Continued)

For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments set aside for the OPEB liability as this is a pay-as-you-go plan.

Categories and Classification of Net Position and Fund Balance

Net position flow assumption – Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Fund balance flow assumptions – Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund balance policies – Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Categories and Classification of Net Position and Fund Balance (Continued)

The provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, specifies the following classifications:

Nonspendable fund balance – Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance – Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation. As of September 30, 2022, the City had no committed fund balance.

Assigned fund balance – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The governing council (Council) has by resolution authorized the finance director to assign fund balance. The Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

On August 7, 2013, the City adopted a fund balance stabilization policy. The City's General Fund stabilization reserve policy is to assign a minimum of 60 days of the prior year's operating expenditures, excluding capital outlay and transfers from the General Fund balance by October 1, 2023. 80% of the current fiscal year's additions to reserves are to be added to assigned fund balance in the General Fund and used to fund expenditures for critical services in response to major natural disasters upon City Council approval.

Unassigned fund balance – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund.

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Program revenues – Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Property taxes – The City is permitted by State law to levy taxes up to 10 mills on assessed valuation. However, Chapter 74-430, Laws of Florida, a special act applicable only to governmental units in Brevard County, limits the annual increase to 10% of the prior year's millage. During a Special Session in June 2007, the Florida Legislature adopted HB1B, which limits municipal property tax rates effective with the 2007-2008 fiscal year. This legislation establishes reductions in the millage rate based on a calculated growth in per capita taxes between the 2002 and 2007 fiscal years. The Legislature did authorize local governments to use the rolled back millage rate if approved by a super majority vote of the governing body. The Satellite Beach City Council levy for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 was 8.2312 mills, which was .444 higher than the roll back rate of 8.1872.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make various estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, March 24, 2023 and determined there were no events that occurred that required disclosure.

Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that were previously classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Additional information about the changes to the financial statements related to the implementation of this Statement can be found in Note 2.

Recently Issued and Implemented Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued statements that will become effective in future years. These statements are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscriptions-Based Information Technology Arrangements, provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset an intangible asset-and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for (a) accounting changes and (b) the correction of an error in previously issued financial statements (error correction). This Statement defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes.

This Statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for (1) each type of accounting change and (2) error corrections. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. This Statement requires disclosure in notes to financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections, such as their nature. In addition, information about the quantitative effects on beginning balances of each accounting change and error correction should be disclosed by reporting unit in a tabular format to reconcile beginning balances as previously reported to beginning balances as restated. Furthermore, this Statement addresses how information that is affected by a change in accounting principle or error correction should be presented in required supplementary information (RSI) and supplementary information (SI). The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

The City is evaluating the requirements of the above statements and the impact on reporting.

Note 2: ACCOUNTING CHANGES

Change in Accounting Principle

In fiscal year 2022, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the implementation of this statement requires the restatement of the September 30, 2021 net position in the statement of activities to record the cumulative effect of recording the original basis of the leased assets less accumulated amortization net of the respective lease liabilities as of September 30, 2021.

	Governmental
	Activities
Net position, September 30, 2021, as previously reported	\$ 22,723,122
Right-to-use lease assets	274,254
Lease liabilities	(274,254)
Net position, September 30, 2022, restated	\$ 22,723,122

Reclassification of Account Balances

As of October 1, 2021, the City reclassified \$2,536,661 of fund balance committed for stabilization to assigned fund balance, pursuant to re-evaluation of the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions.

As of October 1, 2021, as part of the conversion of the capital asset records into the City's new accounting software, the City reclassified depreciable assets and related accumulated depreciation as noted in the table below.

	Balances as of September 30, 2021						
	As Previously Reclass					As	
	Reported			fications		Restated	
Governmental activities:						_	
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings	\$	6,659,396	\$	(129,452)	\$	6,529,944	
Improvements other than buildings		5,682,092		559,456		6,241,548	
Equipment		6,879,445		119,289		6,998,734	
Infrastructure		23,312,870		(549,293)		22,763,577	
Total capital assets being							
depreciated	\$	42,533,803	\$	-	\$	42,533,803	
Accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings	\$	(2,738,624)	¢	_	\$	(2,738,624)	
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Improvements other than buildings		(3,410,090)		824,551		(2,585,539)	
Equipment		(3,587,263)		(821,512)		(4,408,775)	
Infrastructure		(11,214,630)		(3,039)		(11,217,669)	
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(20,950,607)	\$	-	\$	(20,950,607)	

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

Deposits and Investments

Deposits

At September 30, 2022, the primary government's carrying amount of deposits was \$2,325,193 including \$2,253 of petty cash, and the bank balance was \$2,351,567. As of September 30, 2022, \$250,000 of the City's bank balances is covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Monies invested in amounts greater than the insurance coverage are secured by the qualified public depositories pledging securities with the State Treasurer in such amounts required by the Florida Security for Public Depositories Act. In the event of a default or insolvency of a qualified public depositor, the State Treasurer will implement procedures for payment of losses according to the validated claims of the City pursuant to Section 280.08, Florida Statutes.

Investments

The City's investment policies are governed by state statutes and City policy, except the City's Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Trusts and the General Employees' Pension Trust, which are separately managed under the direction of their respective Pension Boards and are restricted to investments as defined under State statutes; specifically, Section 175.071(a) and (b), Florida Statutes, and Section 185.06(a) and (b), Florida Statutes, and Section 112.661, Florida Statutes, respectively.

At the close of the fiscal year, the City held investments in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund ("Florida PRIME") external investment pool. The Florida PRIME is administered by the Florida State Board of Administration (SBA), who provides regulatory oversight.

During the year ended September 30, 2022, the City also participated in Florida Public Assets for Liquidity Management, (Florida PALM), external investment pool. The Florida PALM is a common law trust established under the laws of the State of Florida and is designed to meet the cash management and short term needs of its participants. The Fund is sponsored by the Florida School Boards Association and the Florida Association of District School Superintendents and is directed by a board of trustees.

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Deposits and Investments (Continued)

During the year ended September 30, 2022, the investments of both of the Police Officers' and Firefighters' pension plans and the General Employees' pension plans were held with the Florida Municipal Investment Trust (FMIvT). The FMIvT is a Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) and is considered an external investment pool for reporting purposes. The plans own shares in one or more FMIvT portfolios. The plans' investments are the FMIvT portfolios, not the individual securities held within each FMIvT portfolio.

Florida PRIME, Florida PALM and the FMIvT currently meet all necessary criteria set forth in Section In5: *Investment Pools (External)* of the GASB Codification for the City to measure its investments in these pools at amortized cost; therefore, the City's account balance in these is reported at amortized cost.

Under GASB Codification Section I50: *Investments*, if a participant has an investment in a qualifying external investment pool that measures for financial reporting purposes all of its investments at amortized cost, it should disclose the presence of any limitations or restrictions on withdrawals (such as redemption notice periods, maximum transaction amounts, and the qualifying external investment pool's authority to impose liquidity fees or redemption gates) in notes to the financial statements.

As of September 30, 2022, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit the City's or pension plans access to 100 percent of their account value in the Florida PRIME, Florida PALM or FMIVT external investment pools.

The City pools the investments of its governmental funds. Investment earnings of the pool are allocated to the participating funds at the end of each month based on the ratio of each participant funds' investment to the total pooled investment.

Custodial credit risk — Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution a government may not be able to recover deposits. Monies placed on deposit with financial institutions in the form of demand deposits, time deposits or certificate of deposits are defined as public deposits. The financial institutions in which the City places its deposits are certified as "qualified public depositories," as required under the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments. The General Employees' and the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement Trusts investment policies limits interest rate risk by requiring that securities mature concurrent with cash needs to meet anticipated demands, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market prior to maturity. The City's investment policy does not address interest rate risk.

Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Credit risk – Section I50: Investments of the GASB Codification requires that governments provide information about credit risk associated with their investments by disclosing the credit rating of investments in debt securities as described by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City's Police Officers' and Firefighters' and the General Employees' Pension Trusts do not address credit rate risk.

Foreign currency risk — The City's primary government's and pension trust funds' investments are not exposed to foreign currency risk. The City's investment policy and the investment policy of the City's pension trust funds do not address foreign currency risk.

Concentration of credit risk – Section I50: Investments of the GASB Codification requires disclosures of investments in any one issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments, excluding investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S government, investments in mutual funds, external investments pools and other pooled investments.

The City's investment policy does not address concentration risk. The Police Officer & Pension Plan restricts the percentage of assets that may be held in the stock of any one company and the bonds issued by any one issuer.

Fair Value — GASB Codification Section 3100: Fair Value Measurements establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under the codification are described as follows:

- Level 1 (L1): Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the City has the ability to access.
- Level 2 (L2): Inputs to the valuation methodology include:
 - quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
 - quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
 - inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
 - inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.
- Level 3 (L3): Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

At September 30, 2022, the City had the following investments:

		Weighted Average	Effective		
Investment type	Fair Value	to Maturity (WAM)	Duration	Rating	Agency
Primary government:					
SBA (Florida PRIME)	\$ 111,465	28 days	-	AAAm	S&P
Florida PALM	5,852,445	26 days	-	AAAm	S&P
Primary government total	\$ 5,963,910				
Pension trust funds:					
Florida Municipal					
Investment Trust (FMIvT)	\$ 29,769,388	7.81	-	AAf/S4	Fitch
Pension trust funds total	\$ 29,769,388				

Interest Rate SWAP

The City's investment in the interest rate swap derivative investment of \$(37,647) is valued using a market approach that considers benchmark interest rates (Level 2 inputs).

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending
For the year ended September 30, 2022	Balance *	Increases	Decrea	ses	Balance
Governmental activities:					_
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 11,406,744	\$ -	\$ -	\$	11,406,744
Construction in progress	6,705,469	2,629,033	(2,021,1	19)	7,313,383
Total capital assets,					
not being depreciated	18,112,213	2,629,033	(2,021,1	19)	18,720,127

Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginning			Ending
For the year ended September 30, 2022	Balance *	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	6,529,944	1,975	-	6,531,919
Improvements other than buildings	6,241,548	303,695	-	6,545,243
Equipment	6,998,734	664,841	(256,242)	7,407,333
Infrastructure	22,763,577	2,116,502	(44,147)	24,835,932
Right-to-use lease assets				
Equipment	140,940	-	-	140,940
Vehicles	133,314	43,571	-	176,885
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	42,808,057	3,130,584	(300,389)	45,638,252
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(2,738,624)	(91,582)	-	(2,830,206)
Improvements other than buildings	(2,585,539)	(39,181)	-	(2,624,720)
Equipment	(4,408,775)	(1,470)	214,164	(4,196,081)
Infrastructure	(11,217,669)	(410,028)	2,207	(11,625,490)
Right-to-use lease assets				
Equipment	-	(45,435)	-	(45,435)
Vehicles	-	(44,702)	-	(44,702)
Total accumulated depreciation	(20,950,607)	(632,398)	216,371	(21,366,634)
Total capital assets				
being depreciated, net	21,857,450	2,498,186	(84,018)	24,271,618
Governmental activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 39,969,663	\$ 5,127,219	\$ (2,105,137) \$	42,991,745

^{*} September 30, 2021 balance is restated with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87. See Note 2.

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

General government	\$ 225,189
Public safety	159,407
Community Redevelopment	117,140
Physical environment	83,442
Recreation	47,220
Total depreciation/amortization expense - governmental activities	\$ 632,398

Interfund receivables, payables, and transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2022, is as follows:

	General	
	Fund	Total
Due from:		_
Capital asset	\$ 467,694	\$ 467,694
ARPA	141,053	141,053
Community redevelopment	-	-
Stormwater utility fund	672,101	672,101
Total	\$ 1,280,848	\$ 1,280,848

The balance from the Stormwater Utility Fund due to the General Fund is to cover cash shortfalls while the fund awaits receipt of State Revolving Fund (SRF) drawdowns. ARPA transfers were to reimburse the general fund, and to the Capital Asset fund for project overages.

Interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2022:

		Transfers in:						
	G	eneral Fund		CRA Fund	Ca	apital Asset		Total
Transfers out:								
General fund	\$	-	\$	2,156,238	\$	658,124	\$	2,814,362
Community Redevelopment Fund		1,822,173		-		-		1,822,173
Stormwater utility fund		225,591		-		-		225,591
Nonmajor funds		-		-		-		-
Total	\$	2,047,764	\$	2,156,238	\$	658,124	\$	4,862,126

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that is required (per statute or budget) to collect them to the fund that is required (per statute or budget) to expend them, (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and (3) return excess revenues not expended during the year back to the General Fund at year-end in accordance with state statues (i.e. Community Redevelopment Agency Fund).

Long-Term Debt and Liabilities

Notes payable

Community Redevelopment Agency Variable Rate Tax Increment Revenue Note: On May 4, 2006, the Community Redevelopment Agency entered into a loan agreement with a bank in an amount not to exceed \$8,000,000 to purchase real property and various capital improvements. The initial amount drawn on the note was \$6,250,000. Quarterly payments ranging from \$114,291 to \$117,988, including principal and interest, are due through the maturity date of May 1, 2026.

Long-Term Debt and Liabilities (Continued)

Notes payable (continued)

The note is secured by revenues of the Community Redevelopment Agency fund. Principal and interest paid for the current fiscal year was \$465,019. As of September 30, 2022, principal and interest to maturity in 2026 to be paid from pledged future revenues totaled \$1,719,355. At September 30, 2022 accrued interest for the Community Redevelopment Agency Variable Rate Tax Increment Revenue Note is \$12,863.

As a means of lowering its borrowing costs, when compared against fixed rate borrowings at the time of issuance in May 2006, the City entered into an interest rate swap agreement with the bank issuing it a \$6,250,000 variable rate note. The intention of the swap was to effectively change the City's variable rate note to a synthetic fixed rate of 4.23%. Under the swap agreement, the City pays the counterparty interest calculated at a fixed rate of 4.23%. In return, the counterparty owes the City interest based on 63.7% of the London Interbank Offering Rate (LIBOR) plus a spread of 0.50%. Only the net difference in the interest payments is actually exchanged with the counterparty. The \$6,250,000 in note principal is not exchanged; it is only the basis on which the interest payments are calculated. The swap agreement has a term of 20 years and a notional amount of \$1,602,400 as of September 30, 2022. The associated variable-rate note has a \$1,602,400 principal amount as of the same date and has a like term. There are no embedded options on the swap agreements and no cash was paid or received when the swap agreements were entered into.

The debt service requirements of the variable-rate debt and net swap payments are shown below assuming current interest rates remain the same. The current variable rate on the \$6,250,000 note is 1.72% as of September 30, 2022. Therefore, the interest rate related to the \$6,250,000 swap is 2.51% as of the same date, calculated as the difference between the synthetic fixed rate of 4.23% and the 1.72% variable rate.

The interest rate swap agreement has a negative fair value of \$37,647 as of September 30, 2022. The negative fair value of the swap may be countered by reductions in total interest payments required under the variable-rate note payable, creating lower synthetic rates. Because the payments on the City's variable-rate notes payable adjust to changing interest rates, the note payable does not have corresponding fair value increases. The fair value of the swap was obtained from the counterparty and is based on the quoted market price using the mark-to-market method. The change in fair value for the year ended September 30, 2022 is a positive of approximately \$136,723.

As of September 30, 2022, the City was not exposed to credit risk because the swap had a negative fair value. However, should interest rates change and the fair value of the swap become positive, the City would be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the derivatives' fair value. As of September 30, 2022, the swap's counterparty was rated AA- by Fitch. The calculation of variable interest payments is an estimate. It is calculated based upon the total interest to be paid less the calculated amount of swap interest to be paid.

Long-Term Debt and Liabilities (Continued)

Notes payable (continued)

The derivative (interest rate swap) contract uses the International Swap Dealers Association Master Agreement, which includes standard termination events, such as failure to pay and bankruptcy. The City or the counterparty may terminate the swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contracts. If the swap was terminated, the variable-rate notes and bonds would no longer carry synthetic interest rates. Also, if at the time of termination a swap has a negative fair value, the City would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value as of that date. As of September 30, 2022, the City has no intention of terminating its swap agreement.

Utility Tax Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2018: On June 22, 2018, the City entered into an agreement with a bank in an amount of \$947,596 with a fixed interest rate of 3.13% for the purpose of refunding the Utility Tax Revenue Note, Series 2017 and the 2014 fire truck capital lease.

The note requires annual principle payments of \$189,519 beginning on June 1, 2019 and variable biannual payments of interest ranging from \$2,956 to \$14,789 on June 1 and December 1, beginning on December 1, 2018. At September 30, 2022 accrued interest for the Utility Tax Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2018 is \$1,983.

Utility Tax Revenue Note, Series 2019: On May 21, 2019, the City entered into a loan agreement with a bank in an amount of \$3,537,000 with a fixed interest rate of 2.65% to fund various capital improvement projects within the City. The note requires semi-annual interest payments ranging from \$3,154 to \$49,469 and annual principal payments ranging from \$83,000 to \$238,000 through the maturity date of June 1, 2039.

Interest payments are due each December 1 and payments of principal and interest are due each June 1. At September 30, 2022 accrued interest for the Utility Tax Revenue Note, Series 2019 is \$32,545.

Half-Cent Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2019: On July 2, 2019, the City entered into a loan agreement with a bank in an amount of \$1,463,000 with a fixed interest rate of 2.55% to fund various capital improvement projects within the City. The note requires semi-annual interest payments ranging from \$1,492 to \$18,653 and annual principal payments ranging from \$70,000 to \$117,000 through the maturity date of June 1, 2034.

Interest payments are due each December 1 and payments of principal and interest are due each June 1. At September 30, 2022 accrued interest for the Half-Cent Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2019 is \$10,395.

Long-Term Debt and Liabilities (Continued)

Notes payable (continued)

Utility Tax Revenue Refunding Note Series 2020: On April 6, 2020, the City entered into a loan agreement with a bank in an amount of \$1,969,000 with a fixed interest rate of 1.66% for the purpose of refunding the Utility Tax Revenue Note, Series 2015. The note requires semi-annual interest payments ranging from \$1,619 to \$15,889 and annual principal payments ranging from \$155,000 to \$195,000 through the maturity date of October 1, 2030.

Interest payments are due semi-annually each April 1 and October 1 and payments of principal and interest are due each October 1. At September 30, 2022 accrued interest for the Utility Tax Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2020 is \$13,662.

Revenue Note Series 2021: On January 28, 2021, the City entered into a loan agreement with a financial institution in an amount of \$2,975,000 with a fixed interest rate of 1.95% for the purpose of funding stormwater improvements while the City's application with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, State Revolving Fund was being processed. This note was paid in full in fiscal year 2022.

Florida Department of Environmental Protection, State Revolving Fund: On February 24, 2021, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, with a maximum note value of \$932,763, and a stated interest rate of 0%. The City has not imputed interest due to GASBC I30 102.f. The agreement allows for the City to periodically submit qualifying expenses to be reimbursed with note proceeds through completion of the project construction. Semiannual loan payments in the amount of \$18,496 began on March 15, 2022 and are payable semiannually thereafter on September 15 and March 15 of each year through fiscal year 2042. The semiannual payment amounts will be adjusted by amendment as additional funds are drawn on the loan.

Florida Department of Environmental Protection, State Revolving Fund: On February 16, 2022, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, with a maximum note value of \$2,666,218, and a stated interest rate of 0%. The City has not imputed interest due to GASBC I30 102.f. The agreement allows for the City to periodically submit qualifying expenses to be reimbursed with note proceeds through completion of the project construction. Semiannual loan payments in the amount of \$67,989 are scheduled to begin on February 15, 2023 and are payable semiannually thereafter on August 15 and February 15 of each year for 20 years until the loan is paid in full. The semiannual payment amounts will be adjusted by amendment as funds are drawn on the loan. As of September 30, 2022, the City had not drawn any funds on this loan.

Long-Term Debt and Liabilities (Continued)

Notes payable (continued)

Pledged revenues and principal and interest payments are as follows:

		Future	Current	Current	Current
	Amount	Principal	Pledged	Principal &	Percentage
Pledged Revenue	of issue	and Interest	Revenue	Interest	of Revenue
Community Redevelopment Agency					
Variable Rate Tax Increment					
Revenue Note	\$ 6,250,000	\$ 1,719,355	\$ 2,997,179	\$ 464,876	16%
Utility Tax Revenue Refunding Note					
Series 2018	947,596	195,451	906,182	201,383	22%
Utility Tax Revenue Note Series 2019	3,537,000	4,099,375	906,182	191,040	21%
Half-Cent Sales Tax Revenue Note,					
Series 2019	1,463,000	1,435,150	788,318	119,380	15%
Utility Tax Revenue Refunding Note					
Series 2020	1,969,000	1,771,862	906,182	197,121	22%
Florida Department of Environmental					
Protection, State Revolving Fund	538,849	523,702	965,443	36,992	4%

Financed purchase

On July 1, 2021, the City entered into a financing agreement to purchase equipment in the amount of \$53,481 with a fixed interest rate of 3.29%. The equipment was delivered to the City and placed in service in October 2021. The agreement requires annual payments of \$11,775 including interest through the maturity date of July 1, 2026.

Annual debt service requirements

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the City's notes payable are as follows:

			Interest	
September 30,	Principal	Interest	(swap)	Total
2023	\$ 990,233	\$ 201,874	\$ 8,931 \$	1,201,038
2024	872,114	172,800	6,683	1,051,597
2025	900,214	147,591	4,338	1,052,143
2026	809,014	121,482	1,893	932,389
2027	481,414	106,284	-	587,698
2028-2032	2,360,070	375,942	-	2,736,012
Thereafter	2,007,717	176,301	-	2,184,018
Totals	\$ 8,420,776	\$ 1,302,274	\$ 21,845 \$	9,744,895

Long-Term Debt and Liabilities (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the City's obligation under the financed purchase agreement are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 10,345 \$	1,430 \$	11,775
2024	10,685	1,090	11,775
2025	11,036	738	11,774
2026	11,400	375	11,775
Total	\$ 43,466 \$	3,633 \$	47,099

Leases

The City has entered into lease agreements to obtain the right-to-use vehicles and office equipment. The total annual rent for the leases the City paid for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 was \$100,397. The lease agreements have monthly payments ranging from \$302 to \$1,336, with agreements expiring in fiscal year 2024 through 2027.

The following is a schedule of minimum future lease payments from lease agreements as of September 30:

Year Ending September 30:

real Enaing September 30.	
2023	\$ 85,213
2024	73,326
2025	44,345
2026	21,318
2027	7,994
Total	\$ 232,196

Long-Term Debt and Liabilities (Continued)

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning					Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	En	ding Balance	One Year
Governmental activities:						
Notes from direct borrowings:						
Note payable – CRA	\$ 1,989,200	\$ =	\$ (386,800)	\$	1,602,400	\$ 403,300
Notes payable -						
Capital asset fund	6,862,038	-	(545,519)		6,316,519	560,519
Notes Payable -						
Stormwater fund	3,132,149	381,700	(3,011,992)		501,857	26,414
Total notes from						
direct borrowings	11,983,387	381,700	(3,944,311)		8,420,776	990,233
Financed purchase	-	53,481	(10,015)		43,466	10,345
Lease liability	274,254	43,571	(85,629)		232,196	85,213
Compensated absences	354,465	634,325	(208,867)		779,923	504,421
Total long-term						
liabilities	\$ 12,612,106	\$ 1,113,077	\$ (4,248,822)	\$	9,476,361	\$ 1,590,212

For the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund. Notes payable – Stormwater fund is generally liquidated by the Stormwater Utility fund. The note payable – CRA is liquidated by tax revenues received by the Community Redevelopment Agency fund. The utility tax notes are liquidated by the Capital Asset fund. The Half-Cent Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2019 is secured by pledged General Fund revenues; however the City intends to liquidate it by the Capital Asset fund.

Asset Retirement Obligations

Asset retirement obligations generally apply to legal obligations associated with the retirement of a tangible long-lived asset that result from the acquisition, construction, or development and the normal operation of a long-lived asset. The City assesses asset retirement obligations on a periodic basis. If a reasonable estimate of fair value can be made, the fair value of a liability for an asset retirement obligation is recognized in the period in which it is incurred or a change in estimate occurs.

The City has an underground fuel storage tank which is regulated by Florida Administrative Code (FAC) 62-762, and requires certain activities if use of the fuel storage tank is discontinued. The City has determined the fair value of the liability for disposal of this item is immaterial at September 30, 2022 and, accordingly, has not recorded an asset retirement obligation for this matter.

Governmental Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds.

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are as follows:

			Community			American	
		General	Redevelop-	Capital	Stormwater	Rescue	Nonmajor
		Fund	ment	Asset	Utility Fund	Plan Act	Funds
Nonspendable:							
Prepaid items	\$	37,093	\$ -	\$ 551,706	\$ 7,189	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted for:							
Community services		-	-	-	-	-	245,519
Law enforcement		-	-	-	-	-	37,557
Committed:							
Special projects		-	-	-	-	31,066	-
Assigned:							
Stabilization	3	,096,748	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned		591,234	-	(891,288)	(703,353)	-	
Total fund balances	\$ 3	,725,075	\$ -	\$ (339,582)	\$ (696,164)	\$ 31,066	\$ 283,076

Net Investment in Capital Assets

	Governmental
September 30, 2022	Activities
Capital assets (net)	\$ 42,991,745
Contracts payable included in accounts payable	(142,432)
Retainage payable	(52,858)
Outstanding debt related to capital assets	(8,696,438)
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 34,100,017

Deficit Fund Balances

Capital Asset Fund – The Capital Asset fund had a deficit fund balance of \$339,582 at September 30, 2022. This deficit was the result of timing differences between project spending and inflows of funds, in this case, transfers in from the General Fund. The deficit will be recovered through utility tax revenue collected in the next fiscal year and transfers in from the General Fund.

Stormwater Utility Fund – The Stormwater Utility fund had a deficit fund balance of \$696,164 at September 30, 2022. The deficit was a result of current year capital spending. The deficit will be recovered through stormwater utility fees and draws on the state revolving loan fund note.

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Notes to Financial Statements

Note 4: RETIREMENT PLANS

The City maintains three retirement plans covering its regular employees. A single-employer, defined benefit pension plan that covers all regular police and fire employees, the City of Satellite Beach Police Officers' and Firefighters' Plan'); a single-employer, defined benefit pension plan that covers all general employees hired prior to September 30, 1996, the City of Satellite Beach General Employees' Retirement System (the "General Employees' Plan"); and a defined contribution plan for general employees hired after September 30, 1996, the City of Satellite Beach Money Purchase Plan (the "Money Plan").

Defined Contribution Money Purchase Plan

Plan description and funding requirements: The City of Satellite Beach Money Purchase Plan (the "Money Plan") is a defined contribution pension plan established on October 1, 1996 under City Ordinance No. 655 and is administered by a third party. The Money Plan provides benefits at retirement to all full-time employees, except police officers and firefighters, hired after October 1, 1996. At September 30, 2022, there were 70 active plan members.

The Money Plan members are required to contribute 5% of their annual salary to the Money Plan, and the City is required to contribute a matching amount of 5%, except for certain senior management for which the City contributes at a higher rate. Money Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the City Council. The City and the employees contributed \$152,274 and \$145,040, respectively, to the Plan for fiscal year 2022.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (All Plans)

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the plans are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The government's contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments

All plan investments are reported at fair value. The fair value of investments in external investment pools is determined through measurement of the fair value of the underlying securities using market or market-corroborated data.

The City recognized as revenues and expenditures on-behalf payments relating to pension contributions for its public safety employees that the State of Florida paid to the retirement plan in the amount of \$206,560 to partially fund the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Plan. These contributions are funded by an excise tax, collected by the State, on property and casualty insurance gross receipts of premiums from policy holders.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (All Plans) (Continued)

Funding policy

The contribution requirement for the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Plan and the General Employees' Plan employer contributions are actuarially determined; employees must contribute 8.00% of pensionable earnings; employee contribution requirements may be amended by City ordinance, but the employer contribution requirement is subject to State minimums. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings. The Pension liability is expected to be liquidated by the General Fund.

The City uses the Entry Age Normal Cost Method for the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan to determine required contributions under its retirement system because it provides for the systematic funding of the normal cost and any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities. This is an acceptable method to the State of Florida. The liability is being funded over a 30 year period for the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan.

Defined Benefit Plans

The General Employees' Pension Plan uses the Aggregate Cost Method to determine required contributions under its retirement system. This is an acceptable method to the State of Florida. Under this method, the actuarial accrued liability is equal to the accumulated assets, therefore, no unfunded accrued liability is developed.

Police Officers' and Firefighters' and General Employees' Pension Plans description: The Police Officers' and Firefighters' Plan is governed by a Board of Trustees which is comprised of four members appointed by resolution of the City Council. The General Employees' Plan is governed by a Board of Trustees which is comprised of three members appointed by resolution of the City Council.

	Police	
	Officers' and	General
	Firefighters'	Employees'
Plan membership as of October 1, 2021:	Plan	Plan
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	27	24
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	17	1
Active plan members	43	3
Total	87	28

Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

	Police Officers'				
Plan benefits Employees covered	and Firefighters' Plan Full-time firefighters and police	General Employees' Plan Only participants as of September			
	officers employed by the City.	30, 1986 are eligible to continue participation.			
Types of benefits offered	Retirement, disability, and pre-retireme	nt death benefits.			
Basic pension formula	3% of average monthly earnings multiplied by years of credited service.	3% of average earnings multiplied by Credited Service prior to October 1, 2010 plus 2% of average earnings multiplied by credited service earned after September 30, 2010.			
Early retirement adjustment	Retirement benefit is reduced by 3% for each year early retirement age precedes normal retirement age.	Basic pension formula is reduced by 1/15 for each of the first 5 years plus 1/30 of the next five years for each year prior to normal retirement age.			
Disability pension	For a service connected disability, the last of average earnings. For a non-service participant has earned 10 years of service formula or 25% of average earnings.	e connected disability, provided the			
Pre-retirement death benefit	Basic pension formula payable for 10 participant beginning at the participant return of accumulated employee contribution and non-vested participant.	t's early or normal retirement age or			
Normal retirement age	52 with five years of service.	62 with five years of service.			
Early retirement age	50 with 10 years of service.	55 with 10 years of service. Any age with 35 years of service.			
Vesting requirement	100% after 5 years of service.	5 years of service.			
Form of payment	Actuarially equivalent single life annuity; 10-year certain and life annuity; Actuarially equivalent 50%, 66.67%, 75%, or 100% joint and contingent annuity; or any other actuarially equivalent form of payment approved by the Board of Trustees.				
Average earnings	Average of the highest consecutive three years of pensionable earnings out of the last 10 years.				
Cost of living adjustment	No automatic cost-of-living adjustment	is provided.			

Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Plan benefits	Police Officers'	
	and Firefighters' Plan	General Employees' Plan
Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP)	A DROP is available for those participants who have attained their normal retirement age. Individuals may participate in DROP for up to 60 months. DROP accounts are credited with interest based on the actual investment.	A DROP option is available for those participants who are at least age 57 and have attained early or normal retirement age. Individuals may participate in DROP for up to 60 months. DROP accounts are credited with interest based on the actual investment less a 0.1875% quarterly administrative charge.
DROP balance as of		
October 1, 2021	\$988,089	\$301,565
Legal authority	Plan was established May 22, 1973 pursuant to City ordinance, and has since been amended.	Plan was established May 22, 1973 pursuant to City ordinance, and has since been amended.
Changes	No significant plan changes were adopted since the prior measurement date.	The benefit terms did not change from the prior measurement date.

Net pension liability of the sponsor: The components of the net pension liability of the sponsor on September 30, 2022 were as follows:

	•	Police Officers' efighters' Plan	Em	General nployees' Plan
Total pension liability	\$	28,043,397	\$	8,987,902
Less: Fiduciary net position		(21,820,739)		(7,341,913)
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	6,222,658	\$	1,645,989
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)		78%		82%

Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2021 updated to September 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions:

	Police Officers' and Firefighters' Plan	General Employees' Plan	
Discount rate	7.00% per annum (2.62% per annum is attributable to long-term inflation); this rate was used to discount all future benefit payments.		
Salary increases	For both plans, 4.75% per annum.		
Cost-of-living increases	For both plans, none assumed.		
Non-investment expenses	1.25% of future payroll.	1.75% of future payroll.	
Future contributions	Contributions from the employer and employees are assumed to be made as legally required.		
Mortality basis	For non-retired participants, sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Employee Mortality Table for public safety employees (Below Median table for males), with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2018 and with ages set forward one year (pre-retirement mortality); for non-disabled retirees, sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table for public safety employees (Below Median table for males), with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2018 and with ages set forward one year; for disabled retirees, sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Disabled Retiree Mortality Table (80% general employee rates plus 20% public safety employee rates), with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2018.	Pre-retirement mortality is based on the sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Below Median Employee Mortality Table for general employees, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2018 and with male ages set back one year; post-retirement mortality is based on the sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree Mortality Table for general employees, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP- 2018 and with male ages set back one year.	

Note 4: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

	Police Officers' and Firefighters' Plan	General Employees' Plan
Retirement	100% retirement is assumed to occur at age 52 with five years of service; participants who are age 50 with 10 years of service are assumed to retire at the rate of 2.50% per year; participants who have attained normal retirement age are assumed to retire no earlier than one year after the valuation date.	100% retirement is assumed at age 62 with five years of service or 5.00% retirement per year is assumed with 35 years of service or 2.50% retirement per year is assumed at age 55 with 10 years of service; a participant who has attained his normal retirement age as of the valuation date is assumed to retire one year later.
Other decrements	Assumed employment termination is based on the Scale 155 Table; assumed disability is based on the Wyatt 1985 Disability Study (Class 4).	Assumed employment termination is based on the Scale 155 Table; assumed disability is based on the Wyatt 1985 Disability Study (Class 1).
Changes	No assumption changes were made since the prior measurement period.	No assumption changes were made since the prior measurement period.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

		Expected Long-
Investment Category	Target Allocation	Term Real Return
Core bonds	15%	1.60% per annum
Core plus	15%	2.10% per annum
U.S. large cap equity	25%	4.60% per annum
U.S. small cap equity	14%	5.50% per annum
Non U.S. equity	21%	6.70% per annum
Core real estate	10%	5.00% per annum
Total or weighted arithmetic average	100%	4.38% per annum

Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	6.00%	7.00%	8.00%
Police Officers' and Firefighters' Plan			_
Net pension liability	\$ 9,358,885	\$ 6,222,658 \$	3,615,039
General Employees' Plan			
Net pension liability	2,445,862	1,645,989	956,577
Total net pension liability	\$ 11,804,747	\$ 7,868,647 \$	4,571,616

Net pension liability and changes in the net pension liability: The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability for the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Plan and for the General Employees' Plan was also determined as of that date.

Increase (Decrease)						
		Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension		
		Liability	Net Position	Liability		
Police Officers' and Firefighters' Plan		(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)		
Reporting period ending September 30, 2021	\$	27,384,474	\$ 25,318,572	2,065,902		
Changes due to:				_		
Service cost		650,221	-	650,221		
Expected interest growth		1,911,741	1,770,236	141,505		
Unexpected interest income		-	(5,208,094)	5,208,094		
Demographic experience		(901,363)	-	(901,363)		
Contributions - employer		-	816,513	(816,513)		
Contributions - employee		-	188,515	(188,515)		
Benefit payments and refunds		(1,001,676)	(1,001,676)	-		
Administrative expenses		-	(63,327)	63,327		
Net changes		658,923	(3,497,833)	4,156,756		
Reporting period ending September 30, 2022	\$	28,043,397	\$ 21,820,739 \$	6,222,658		

Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Increase (Decrease)

Increase	•					_
	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary				Net Pension	
		Liability		Net Position	Li	ability (Asset)
General Employees' Plan		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Reporting period ending September 30, 2021	\$	8,746,840	\$	8,952,608	\$	(205,768)
Changes due to:						_
Service cost		51,487		-		51,487
Expected interest growth		593,145		610,794		(17,649)
Unexpected interest income		-		(1,759,721)		1,759,721
Demographic experience		251,915		-		251,915
Contributions - Employer		-		208,547		(208,547)
Contributions - Employee		-		18,988		(18,988)
Benefit payments and refunds		(655,485)		(655,485)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(33,818)		33,818
Net changes		241,062		(1,610,695)		1,851,757
Reporting period ending September 30, 2022	\$	8,987,902	\$	7,341,913	\$	1,645,989

Pension expense and deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions: For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City has recognized pension expense of \$671,098 and \$476,418 for the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan and the General Employees' Pension Plan, respectively. At September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
Police Officers' and Firefighters' Plan	Resources	Resources
Investment gain/loss	\$ 2,501,919	\$ -
Demographic gain/loss	1,149	1,050,373
Assumption changes	804,916	781,396
Total - Police Officers' and Firefighters' Plan	3,307,984	1,831,769
General Employees' Plan		
Investment gain/loss	844,926	
Total - General Employees' Plan	844,926	
Total deferred outflows and deferred inflows		
of resources related to pensions	\$ 4,152,910	\$ 1,831,769

Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Po	General	
Fiscal Year Ending September 30,		Firefighters' Plan	Employees' Plan
2023	\$	292,944	\$ 182,385
2024		275,584	156,929
2025		16,296	153,667
2026		891,391	351,945
Total	\$	1,476,215	\$ 844,926

The Plans' fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis used by the pension Plans' and is equal to the market value of assets calculated under the accrual basis of accounting.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements provides multi-year trend data to help determine whether the actuarial value of the Plans' assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Defined contribution plan component – share plan: The City has established a defined contribution plan component (the "Share Plan") as part of the City's Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan, in accordance with sections 175.351(6) and 185.35(6), Florida Statutes. The Share Plan provides special benefits to firefighters, police officers and public safety officers who are members of the defined benefit plan. The Share Plan is funded solely and entirely by insurance premium tax monies (as set forth in Chapters 175 and 185, Florida Statutes) that have been allocated to the Share Plan either by (1) mutual consent of the City and the Plan members' collective bargaining representative or (2) operation of sections 175.351(1)(a)-(f) and 185.35(1)(a)-(f), Florida Statutes. The changes and balance of the Share Plan is presented in the combining fund schedules on the following page.

Fiduciary fund financial statements: The City does not issue separate financial statements for the Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan or the General Employees' Pension Plan. The basic financial statements of the City include a statement of net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position that presents a single column for each fund type for both pension trust funds.

Both Plans hold their investments in the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund, an external investment pool established for the purpose of funding individually designed employee pension plans and certain other post-employment benefit plans of participating municipalities, public agencies and political subdivisions of the State of Florida. The Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund issues a stand-alone financial report each year, which contains a Schedule of Member Balances by Plan Type that lists the Plans' balances. This report is available to the public at the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund's administrative office: Retirement Department, Florida League of Cities, Inc., P.O. Box 1757, Tallahassee, FL 32302.

Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Combining fund information. The pension trust funds fiduciary activity as of September 30, 2022 and the change in fiduciary net position for the year ended:

	P	olice Officers'	and	Firefighters'		
		Defined			General	
		Benefit Plan		Share Plan	Employees'	Total
ASSETS						
Receivables:						
Contributions	\$	72,655	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 72,655
Due from other governments		-		103,280	-	103,280
Investments, at fair value:						
Florida Municipal Investment						
Trust Fund		21,748,084		679,391	7,341,913	29,769,388
Total assets		21,820,739		782,671	7,341,913	29,945,323
LIABILITIES						
Benefits payable		-		-	-	
Total liabilities		-		-	-	-
NET POSITION	•			_	_	
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$	21,820,739	\$	782,671	\$ 7,341,913	\$ 29,945,323

The pension trust funds change in fiduciary net position activity as of September 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Police Officers' and Firefighters'							
	Defined		•	General				
		Benefit Plan		Share Plan		Employees'		Total
ADDITIONS								
Contributions:								
Employees	\$	188,515	\$	_	\$	18,988	\$	207,503
City		713,233		-		208,547		921,780
State		103,280		103,280		-		206,560
Total contributions		1,005,028		103,280		227,535		1,335,843
Total investment earnings:								
Net appreciation in fair value								
of investments		(3,437,858)		14,634		(1,148,926)		(4,572,150)
Total additions		(2,432,830)		117,914		(921,391)		(3,236,307)
DEDUCTIONS								
Benefit payments		1,001,676		_		655,486		1,657,162
Administrative expenses		63,327		_		33,818		97,145
Total deductions		1,065,003		-		689,304		1,754,307
Change in net position		(3,497,833)		117,914		(1,610,695)		(4,990,614)
Net position, beginning of year		25,318,572		664,757		8,952,608		34,935,937
Net position, end of year	\$	21,820,739	\$	782,671	\$	7,341,913	\$	29,945,323

Pension Expense (All Plans)

The total of the City's pension expense for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Pension
Plan Description	Expense
Defined contribution plans:	
Money purchase plan	\$ 152,274
Police Officers' and Firefighters' share plan	103,280
Defined benefit plans:	
Police Officers' and Firefighters' plan	671,098
General Employees' plan	476,418
Total pension expense	\$ 1,403,070

Note 5: POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

The City follows Section P52: Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions – Reporting for Benefits Not Provided Through Trusts That Meet Specified Criteria (OPEB) of the GASB Codification, for certain postemployment health care benefits provided by the City.

Plan description

The City administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the "Plan") that provides medical insurance to its employees and their eligible dependents. Pursuant to Section 112.0801 Florida Statutes, the City is required to provide eligible retirees (as defined in the City's pension plans) the opportunity to participate in this Plan at the same cost that is applicable to active employees.

Employees and their dependents may elect to remain in the Plan upon retirement up to age 65. After age 65, the City's insurance coverage becomes secondary to the retiree's Medicare insurance. At the last valuation, the Plan has 18 retirees and spouses receiving benefits and has a total of 92 active participants and dependents.

Benefit provisions for the Plan were established by City Council on April 3, 1996 and may only be amended by City Council. The City has not established a trust or agency fund for the Plan. The City does not issue stand-alone financial statements for this Plan. All financial information related to the Plan is accounted for in the City's basic financial statements and the Plan does not issue stand-alone financial reports.

Funding policy

The City is funding the Plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. For employees hired prior to April 4, 1996, the City pays 100% of the insurance premiums for those employees' health insurance, which represents an explicit subsidy. The OPEB liability is expected to be liquidated by the General Fund.

Retirees may also elect to have their dependents covered, but must pay the premiums for such coverage. For employees hired April 4, 1996 and after, the employees and their dependents are required to pay 100% of the insurance premiums charged by the carrier. There is an implied subsidy in the insurance premiums for these employees because the premium charged for retirees is the same as the premium charged for active employees, who are younger than retirees on average.

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City will recognize an OPEB expense of \$(112,700), which includes both an estimate of the implied subsidy contributions described above and the explicit subsidy contributions paid on behalf of eligible retirees. Contributions of plan members not eligible for an explicit subsidy totaled \$35,044 for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Plan membership

Plan membership as of October 1, 2021 (the valuation date) was:

	Number of
	covered individuals
Inactive members currently receiving benefits	18
Inactive members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active members	92
Total	110

Actuarial Assumption and Other Inputs

The OPEB liability was determined based on the following assumptions and information:

Employer's reporting date: September 30, 2022
Measurement date: September 30, 2022
Valuation date: October 1, 2021

Discount rate: 4.77% Salary increases: 4.75%

The discount rate is based on the return on the S&P Municipal Bond 20-year High Grade Index as of the measurement date.

Cost of living increases: Retiree contributions, health insurance premiums, and the implied subsidy have been assumed to increase in accordance with the healthcare cost trend rates.

Actuarial Assumption and Other Inputs (Continued)

Healthcare cost trend rate: Increases in healthcare costs are assumed to be 8.00% for the 2021/22 fiscal year graded down by 0.50% per year to 5.00% for the 2027/28 and later fiscal years.

Implied subsidy: Because the insurance carrier charges the same monthly rate for health insurance regardless of age, an implied monthly subsidy of \$450 for the retiree and \$300 for the retiree's spouse has been assumed at age 62 for the 2021/22 fiscal year; at other ages, the implied subsidy was developed based on the age-related morbidity assumption and, for other fiscal years, the implied subsidy was increased in accordance with the healthcare cost trend rates.

Mortality basis: Sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Mortality Table (without income adjustments) for general and public safety employees, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2020.

Retirement: With respect to general employees, retirement is assumed to occur upon the attainment of age 62 with at least five years of service, except that those participants who have attained their normal retirement age as of the valuation date are assumed to retire one year after the valuation date; alternatively with respect to general employees, participants who have earned at least 35 years of service are assumed to retire at the rate of 5.00% per annum and participants who have attained age 55 with between 10 years of service and 35 years of service are assumed to retire at the rate of 2.50% per annum; with respect to public safety employees, retirement is assumed to occur upon the attainment of age 52 with at least five years of service, except that those participants who have attained their normal retirement age as of the valuation date are assumed to retire one year after the valuation date; alternatively with respect to public safety employees, participants who have attained age 50 with at least 10 years of service are assumed to retire at the rate of 2.50% per annum.

Other decrements: Assumed employment termination is based on the Scale 155 table; assumed disability is based on the Wyatt 1985 Disability Study (Class 1 rates were used for general employees and Class 4 rates were used for public safety employees).

Healthcare coverage elections: 25% of employees who are not eligible for an explicit subsidy from the City are assumed to elect medical coverage until age 65 upon retirement or disability; 100% of employees who are eligible for an explicit subsidy from the City are assumed to elect medical coverage for life upon retirement or disability.

Spouses and dependents: Husbands are assumed to be three years older than wives; of those electing coverage, spousal coverage is assumed in accordance with the employee's or retiree's current election; retirees are not assumed to have any dependent children.

Actuarial Assumption and Other Inputs (Continued)

COBRA: Future healthcare coverage provided solely pursuant to COBRA was not included in the OPEB valuation; because the COBRA premium is determined periodically based on plan experience, the COBRA premium to be paid by the participant is assumed to fully cover the cost of providing healthcare coverage during the relevant period.

Changes: Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate was increased from 2.43% per annum to 4.77% per annum; the healthcare cost trend rates were increased from 5.50% for the 2021/22 fiscal year and 5.00% for later fiscal years to the amounts shown above; the implied monthly subsidy at age 62 for the 2021/22 fiscal year was changed from \$451.56 (HMO) or \$225.78 (POS) for the retiree and from \$282.22 (HMO) or \$141.11 (POS) for the retiree 's spouse to \$450 for the retiree and \$300 for the retiree's spouse; and the explicit subsidy for retirees who are eligible for Medicare was changed from \$139 per month to 45% of the single health insurance premiums for participants under age 65.

The components of the OPEB liability at September 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Total OPEB	Fiduciary net	OPEB	Funded
	liability	position	liability	percentage
\$	4,339,884	\$ -	\$ 4,339,884	0%

The changes in the OPEB liability for the year ended September 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Total OPEB	Fiduciary Net	OPEB
	Liability	Position	Liability
Balance as of September 30, 2021	\$ 3,172,526	\$ -	\$ 3,172,526
Service cost	68,232	-	68,232
Expected interest growth	151,338	-	151,338
Demographic experience	52,443	-	52,443
Benefit payments and refunds	(137,698)	-	(137,698)
Assumption changes	1,033,043	-	1,033,043
Balance as of September 30, 2022	\$ 4,339,884	\$ -	\$ 4,339,884

Sensitivity of the OPEB liability

The following presents the City's OPEB liability as if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or higher than the current discount rate.

	1% decrea	se	Discount rate	1% increase
	3.77	' %	4.77%	5.77%
				_
OPEB liability	\$ 4,900,09	6 \$	4,339,884	\$ 3,881,129

The following presents the City's OPEB liability as if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one percentage-point lower or higher than the current trend rate.

		1% decrease	Cur	rent trend		1% increase
	i	in trend rate		rate		in trend rate
	(4.0	00% - 7.00%)	(5.00	% - 8.00%)	(6.0	00% - 9.00%)
						_
OPEB liability	\$	3,845,818	\$ 4	4,339,884	\$	4,936,067

Deferred inflows and outflows: On September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
Other Post Employment Benefits	Resources	Resources
Demographic gain/loss	\$ 52,443	\$ 1,558,166
Assumption changes	1,324,978	394,758
Total deferred outflows and deferred inflows of		
resources related to other post		
employment benefits	\$ 1,377,421	\$ 1,952,924

Future amortization of deferred inflows and outflows related to OPEB is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	
2023	\$ (183,824)
2024	(161,998)
2025	(161,998)
2026	(161,998)
2027	(104,980)
Thereafter	199,295
Total	\$ (575,503)

Note 6: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Construction commitments

The City has active or awarded construction projects with various contractors for construction projects within the City. The remaining commitment on these projects totaled \$2,933,328 at September 30, 2022.

Note 7: RISK MANAGEMENT

Litigation

Various suits in the ordinary course of operations are pending against the City. While the ultimate effect of such litigation cannot be ascertained at this time, in the opinion of counsel for the City, the liabilities that may arise from such action would not result in losses that would exceed the liability insurance limits in effect at the time the claim arose or otherwise materially affect the financial position of the City or results of operations.

Insurance

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance through Preferred Government Insurance Trust (PGIT). Coverage provided by PGIT includes general liability, auto liability, property and workers' compensation. Employee health insurance coverage (health, dental, vision, etc.) is provided through commercial carriers.



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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



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City of Satellite Beach, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund

	Original	Final		riance with inal Budget Positive
For the year ended September 30, 2022	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
For the year ended September 30, 2022	ьиидет	ьиидет	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 11,303,984	\$ 11,595,853	\$ 11,631,579	\$ 35,726
Licenses and permits	412,700	481,088	481,038	(50)
Intergovernmental	1,199,241	1,363,644	1,383,274	19,630
Charges for services	798,800	827,358	827,358	-
Fines and forfeitures	38,850	56,504	56,504	-
Investment and other income	19,400	106,252	54,819	(51,433)
Total revenues	13,772,975	14,430,699	14,434,572	3,873
Expenditures				
Departments:				
General government	3,201,957	3,416,673	3,375,834	40,839
Public safety	6,129,127	6,028,668	5,951,785	76,883
Public works	2,795,690	2,746,678	2,734,052	12,626
Recreation	895,133	899,693	893,242	6,451
Total expenditures	13,021,907	13,091,712	12,954,913	136,799
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	751,068	1,338,987	1,479,659	140,672
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	2,029,259	2,047,764	2,047,764	-
Transfers out	(2,575,881)	(3,172,467)	(2,814,362)	(358,105)
Proceeds from the issuance of debt	-	53,481	53,481	-
Leases issued	-	43,571	43,571	-
Net other financing sources (uses)	(546,622)	(1,027,651)	(669,546)	(358,105)
Net change in fund balances	204,446	311,336	810,113	498,777
Fund balances, beginning of year	3,012,014	3,012,014	3,012,014	-
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 3,216,460	\$ 3,323,350	\$ 3,822,127	\$ 498,777

Reconciliation of budgetary basis to the basic financial statements:

\$ 12,954,913
97,052
\$ 13,051,965

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Community Redevelopment Agency Fund

							Va	riance with
							Fi	nal Budget
		Original		Final				Positive
For the year ended September 30, 2022		Budget		Budget		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	876,279	\$	876,279	\$	876,279	\$	-
Investment and other income		1,500		3,228		3,228		-
Total revenues		877,779		879,507		879,507		-
Expenditures								
Department:								
General government		763,672		749,957		749,957		-
Debt service:								
Principal retired		386,800		382,800		386,800		(4,000)
Interest and other		109,286		82,219		78,219		4,000
Total expenditures	-	L,259,758		1,214,976		1,214,976		-
Deficiency of revenues under								
expenditures		(381,979)		(335,469)		(335,469)		-
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	2	2,156,238		2,156,238		2,156,238		-
Transfers out	(2	L,774,259)	((1,822,173)	((1,822,173)		-
Net other financing sources (uses)		381,979		334,065		334,065		-
Net change in fund balances		-		(1,404)		(1,404)		-
Fund balances, beginning of year		1,404		1,404		1,404		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$	1,404	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Stormwater Utility Fund

								riance with
							F	inal Budget
		Original		Final				Positive
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022		Budget		Budget		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	577,467	\$	124,134	\$	124,134	\$	-
Charges for services		1,018,185		965,443		965,443		-
Investment and other income		2,500		2,375		2,375		-
Total revenues		1,598,152		1,091,952		1,091,952		-
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public works		15,600		129,594		171,542		(41,948)
Capital outlay		3,086,510		1,088,561		1,046,604		41,957
Debt service:								
Principal retired		23,785		3,011,992		3,011,992		-
Interest and other		-		48,827		34,940		13,887
Total expenditures		3,125,895		4,278,974		4,265,078		13,896
Ff								
Excess of revenues		(4.507.740)		(2.407.022)		(0.470.406)		42.006
over expenditures		(1,527,743)		(3,187,022)		(3,173,126)		13,896
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers out		(255,000)		(225,591)		(225,591)		_
Proceeds from the issuance of debt		-		-		381,700		381,700
Total other financing uses		(255,000)		(225,591)		156,109		381,700
Net change in fund balances		(1,782,743)		(3,412,613)		(3,017,017)		395,596
Fund balances, beginning of year		2,346,986		2,346,986		2,346,986		_
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$	564,243	ς	(1,065,627)	\$		\$	395,596
und balances (dencits), end of year	ڔ	304,243	ڔ	(1,003,027)	ڔ	(0/0,031)	٧	333,330

Reconciliation of budgetary basis to the basic financial statements:

Capital outlay expenditures on the budgetary basis	\$ 1,046,604
Year-end accrual of retainage not included in budgeted capital outlay	26,133
Capital outlay expenditures as reported on the Statement	
of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	1,072,737

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – American Rescue Plan Fund

							Variance with	
							Final Budget	
		Original		Final			Positive	
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022		Budget		Budget		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	5,576,501	\$	1,098,118	\$ (4,478,383)	
Interest and other		-		30,936		30,937	1	
Total revenues		-		5,607,437		1,129,055	(4,478,382)	
Expenditures								
Current								
General government		-		37,775		37,775	-	
Public works		-		34,721		34,721	-	
Capital outlay		-		997,150		997,168	(18)	
Total expenditures		-		1,069,646		1,069,664	(18)	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-		4,537,791		59,391	(4,478,400)	
Other financing sources (uses)		-		-		=		
Net change in fund balances		-		4,537,791		59,391	(4,478,400)	
Fund balances, beginning of year		-		129		129	-	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	-	\$	4,537,920	\$	59,520	\$ (4,478,400)	
Reconciliation of budgetary basis to the basic financial statements:								
Capital outlay expenditures on the budge	tary basi	is			\$	997,168		
Year-end accrual of retainage not include	-		tal	outlay		28,454		
Capital outlay expenditures as reported o of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes					\$	1,025,622	•	

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Budgetary Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Note 1. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgetary basis of accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds, except that retainage on construction projects in progress at year-end are not included in the appropriations and new leases were accounted for under pre-GASB 87 guidance. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Certain special revenue funds do not have appropriated budgets since other means control the use of these resources (e.g., grant awards) and sometimes span a period of more than one fiscal year.

The City Manager or their designee may make transfers of appropriations within a department as long as the total budget of the department is not increased. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level. The Council made several supplemental budgetary appropriations during the year.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Open commitments are recognized as expenditures in the period in which the actual goods or services are received and a liability is incurred. Encumbrances (e.g., contracts) outstanding at year end for unfulfilled obligations are cancelled and reappropriated in the succeeding year's budget. Accordingly, there were no encumbrances outstanding at year end.

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Required Supplementary Pension Information Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan – Last Nine Fiscal Years

Police Offi	icers' a	and Firefighte	rs' I	Pension Plan					
For the year ended September 30,		2022		2021		2020		2019	
Total Pension Liability									
Service cost	\$	650,221	\$	685,483	\$	735,330	\$	696,923	
Expected interest growth		1,911,741		1,906,984		1,869,174		1,786,927	
Demographic experience		(901,363)		(215,450)		(339,369)		(440,088)	
Benefit payments and refunds		(1,001,676)		(958,620)		(1,579,307)		(864,859)	
Assumption changes		-		(1,218,128)		-		-	
Net change in total pension liability		658,923		200,269		685,828		1,178,903	
Total pension liability - beginning		27,384,474		27,184,205		26,498,377		25,319,474	
Total pension liability - ending (a)		28,043,397		27,384,474		27,184,205		26,498,377	
Dieu Fisheriem Net Desition									
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		4 770 226		4 462 250		4 207 222		4 225 420	
Expected interest growth		1,770,236		1,463,358		1,387,332		1,325,420	
Unexpected investment income		(5,208,094)		2,939,403		(88,898)		(317,639) 906,257	
Contributions - employer		816,513		847,479		992,960	,		
Contributions - employee	188,515			183,254		200,809		192,542	
Benefit payments and refunds	(1,001,676)		(958,620)		(1,579,307)		(864,859)		
Administrative expense		(63,327)		(51,075)		(52,446)		(53,067)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(3,497,833)		4,423,799		860,450		1,188,654	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		25,318,572		20,894,773		20,034,323		18,845,669	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	21,820,739	\$	25,318,572	\$	20,894,773	\$	20,034,323	
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	6,222,658	\$	2,065,902	\$	6,289,432	\$	6,464,054	
Die fiducie en estation en en estation									
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		77.040/		02.469/		76.06%		75 640/	
of the total pension liability		77.81%		92.46%		76.86%		75.61%	
Covered payroll	\$	2,247,210	\$	2,406,752	\$	2,463,643	\$	2,292,753	
Net pension liability as a percentage of									
covered payroll		276.91%		85.84%		255.29%		281.93%	

Notes to the schedule:

⁽¹⁾ The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, in 2015. Ten-year trend data is presented when available; otherwise, comparative information is presented from September 30, 2014.

	Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan									
	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	
\$	731,362	\$	713,303	\$	590,076	\$	372,463	\$	466,047	
	1,702,438		1,478,789		1,120,821		1,542,236		1,291,782	
	(353,509)		377,868		5,636		(724,920)		-	
	(746,538)		(699,053)		(675,359)		(670,595)		(682,024)	
	-		1,332,146		3,952,648		(1,681,706)		-	
	1,333,753		3,203,053		4,993,822		(1,162,522)		1,075,805	
	23,985,721		20,782,668		15,788,846		16,951,368		15,875,563	
	25,319,474		23,985,721		20,782,668		15,788,846		16,951,368	
	1,221,028		1,048,032		940,589		1,205,916		977,638	
	4,354		974,179		200,914		(1,211,301)		93,909	
	938,295		1,085,748		732,952		682,374		773,093	
	198,453		200,058		189,218		174,323		170,359	
	(746,538)		(699,053)		(675,359)		(670,595)		(987,787)	
	(42,035)		(39,960)		(36,881)		(37,244) 143,473		(36,101)	
	1,573,557		2,569,004		1,351,433		,		991,111	
<u>,</u>	17,272,112	\$	14,703,108	\$	13,351,675	\$	13,208,202	\$	12,217,091	
\$	18,845,669	Ş	17,272,112	Ş	14,703,108	Ş	13,351,675	Ş	13,208,202	
\$	6,473,805	\$	6,713,609	\$	6,079,560	\$	2,437,171	\$	3,743,166	
	74.43%		72.01%		70.75%		84.56%		77.92%	
\$	2,419,522	\$	2,366,291	\$	2,102,177	\$	2,023,912	\$	1,980,916	
	267.57%		283.72%		289.20%		120.42%		188.96%	

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Required Supplementary Pension Information Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios General Employees' Pension Plan – Last Nine Fiscal Years

Gen	eral Er	mployees' Pensi	on Plan		
For the year ended September 30,		2022	2021	2020	2019
Total Pension Liability					
Service cost	\$	51,487 \$	47,058	66,874 \$	70,157
Expected interest growth		593,145	626,337	618,506	610,071
Demographic experience		251,915	(121,301)	62,100	(56,035)
Benefit payments and refunds		(655,485)	(941,634)	(566,840)	(500,343)
Assumption changes		-	(89,231)	-	-
Net change in total pension liability		241,062	(478,771)	180,640	123,850
Total pension liability - beginning		8,746,840	9,225,611	9,044,971	8,921,121
Total pension liability - ending (a)		8,987,902	8,746,840	9,225,611	9,044,971
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Expected interest growth		610,794	542,988	539,357	528,037
Unexpected investment income		(1,759,721)	991,385	(16,314)	(127,283)
Contributions - employer		208,547	282,660	288,302	306,047
Contributions - employee		18,988	19,271	21,758	22,474
Benefit payments & refunds		(655,485)	(941,634)	(566,840)	(500,343)
Administrative expense		(33,818)	(26,502)	(25,858)	(25,068)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(1,610,695)	868,168	240,405	203,864
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		8,952,608	8,084,440	7,844,035	7,640,171
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	7,341,913 \$	8,952,608	\$ 8,084,440 \$	7,844,035
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	1,645,989 \$	(205,768)	\$ 1,141,171 \$	1,200,936
Diam fiducione mot modition and more more more					
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		04 600/	102.25%	97.630/	06 730/
of the total pension liability		81.69%	102.35%	87.63%	86.72%
Covered payroll	\$	241,892 \$	223,181	299,375 \$	298,165
Net pension liability as a percentage of					
covered payroll		680.46%	-92.20%	381.18%	402.78%

Notes to the schedule:

⁽¹⁾ The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, in 2015. Ten-year trend data is presented when available; otherwise, comparative information is presented from September 30, 2014.

		General Em	nployees' Pension	Plan	
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$	64,653 \$	63,643 \$	78,648 \$	47,281 \$	57,216
۲	615,783	560,761	464,555	636,922	560,156
	(266,265)	101,155	147,878	11,264	300,130
	(507,590)	(537,145)	(515,793)	(577,609)	(484,450)
	(507,550)	578,190	1,275,317	(574,972)	(404,430)
	(93,419)	766,604	1,450,605	(457,114)	132,922
	9,014,540	8,247,936	6,797,331	7,254,445	7,121,523
	8,921,121	9,014,540	8,247,936	6,797,331	7,254,445
	, ,	, ,		, ,	, ,
	502,616	452,897	428,775	571,279	475,890
	32,752	426,663	92,895	(555,367)	32,305
	354,222	349,352	341,136	370,855	428,556
	23,561	22,233	33,168	31,458	30,262
	(507,590)	(537,145)	(515,793)	(577,609)	(469,255)
	(18,525)	(24,005)	(23,534)	(22,473)	(22,674)
	387,036	689,995	356,647	(181,857)	475,084
	7,253,135	6,563,140	6,206,493	6,388,350	5,913,266
\$	7,640,171 \$	7,253,135 \$	6,563,140 \$	6,206,493 \$	6,388,350
\$	1,280,950 \$	1,761,405 \$	1,684,796 \$	590,838 \$	866,095
	85.64%	80.46%	79.57%	91.31%	88.06%
\$	281,381 \$	273,990 \$	400,181 \$	386,980 \$	366,815
	455.24%	642.87%	421.01%	152.68%	236.11%

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Required Supplementary Pension Information Schedule of Contributions - Last Nine Fiscal Years

Police Of	ficers' a	nd Firefighte	rs' P	ension Plan		
For the year ended September 30,		2022		2021	2020	2019
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	816,513	\$	847,479	\$ 998,959	\$ 903,329
Contributions recognized by the plan		816,513		847,479	992,960	906,257
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 5,999	\$ (2,928)
Covered payroll	\$	2,247,210	\$	2,406,752	\$ 2,463,643	\$ 2,292,753
Contributions as a percentage of						
covered payroll		36.33%		35.21%	40.30%	39.53%
Ge	neral Er	nployees' Pe	nsio	n Plan		
For the year ended September 30,		2022		2021	2020	2019
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	208,547	\$	282,660	\$ 288,302	\$ 306,047
Contributions recognized by the plan		208,547		282,660	288,302	306,047
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$	241,982	\$	223,181	\$ 299,375	\$ 298,165
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		86.18%		126.65%	96.30%	102.64%

Notes to the schedule:

⁽¹⁾ The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, in 2015. Ten-year trend data is presented when available; otherwise, comparative information is presented from September 30, 2014.

	F	Police Officers	' an	d Firefighters	' Pe	nsion Plan			
2018		2017		2016		2015	2014		
\$ 933,442	\$	796,903	\$	732,952	\$	745,554	\$ 773,093		
938,295		1,085,748		816,513		682,374	483,397		
\$ (4,853)	\$	(288,845)	\$	(83,561)	\$	63,180	\$ 289,696		
\$ 2,419,522	\$	2,366,291	\$	2,102,177	\$	2,023,912	\$ 1,980,916		
38.78%		45.88%	45.88%			33.72%	24.40%		
		General	Em	ployees' Pens	ion	Plan			
2018	2018 2017		2016		2015	2014			
\$ 354,222	\$	349,352	\$	341,136	\$	370,855	\$ 428,556		
354,222		349,352		341,136		370,855	428,556		
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -		
\$ 281,381 \$		273,990	\$	400,181	\$	386,980	\$ 366,815		
125.89%		127.51%		85.25%		95.83%	116.83%		

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Required Supplementary Pension Information – Schedule of Investment Returns Last Nine Fiscal Years

Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Plan													
For the year ended September 30,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014				
Annual expected long-term real													
return on investments													
Weighted arithmetic average	4.38%	4.38%	4.23%	4.23%	4.08%	4.08%	4.08%	5.48%	4.48%				

General Employees' Pension Plan													
For the year ended September 30,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014				

Annual expected long-term real return on investments

Notes to the schedule:

(1) The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, in 2015. Ten-year trend data is presented when available; otherwise, comparative information is presented from September 30, 2014.

City of Satellite Beach, Florida **Required Supplementary Pension Information Notes to Schedules**

Police Officers' and	General
Firefighters' Plan	Employees' Plan

Valuation date October 1, 2021 October 1, 2021

> Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

Funding method **Entry Age Normal Cost Method** Aggregate Cost Method

Amortization method Level dollar Not applicable

Amortization period 30 years 15 years

Asset valuation method Equal to the prior year's actuarial value of assets adjusted for contributions, benefit payments and expenses. This is further adjusted by the average return on

the market value of assets for the preceding 4 years. The actuarial value of assets

is restricted to 80% - 120% of the market value.

2.62% per annum Inflation 2.62% per annum

Salary increases 4.75% per annum unless actual amounts are known.

Interest rate 7.00% per annum 7.00% per annum

Retirement age 52 with 5 years of service 62 with 5 years of service

Early retirement rate 50 with 10 years of service 55 with 10 years of service or any age

with 35 years of service

expenses

com-

and

Termination rates Sex-distinct rates set forth in the Scale 155 Table.

Disability rates Sex-distinct rates set forth in the Sex-distinct rates set forth in the

> Wyatt 1985 Disability Study (Class 4). Wyatt 1985 Disability Study (Class 1).

Sex-distinct rates set forth in the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, with full Mortality

generational improvements in mortality using Scale BB.

Expenses Administrative expenses are assumed Administrative expenses are assumed

> to be 1.25% of future payroll. The to be 1.75% of future payroll. The interest rate assumed is net of interest rate assumed is net of investment expenses and cominvestment

missions. missions.

Changes None

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Required Supplementary OPEB Information Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Five Fiscal Years

September 30,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability - beginning Changes due to:	\$ 3,172,526	\$ 4,425,353	\$ 3,728,912	\$ 5,589,327	\$ 5,413,248
Service cost	68,232	53,001	111,864	239,420	167,637
Expected interest growth	151,338	107,006	80,126	400,473	184,043
Demographic experience	52,443	(592,424)	-	(2,107,150)	-
Assumption changes	1,033,043	(669,910)	698,590	(51,343)	-
Benefit payments and refunds	(137,698)	(150,500)	(194,139)	(341,815)	(175,601)
Net changes in total OPEB liability	1,167,358	(1,252,827)	696,441	(1,860,415)	176,079
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 4,339,884	\$ 3,172,526	\$ 4,425,353	\$ 3,728,912	\$ 5,589,327
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Benefit payments	\$ 137,698 (137,698)	\$ 150,500 (150,500)	\$ 194,139 (194,139)	\$ 341,815 (341,815)	\$ 175,601 (175,601)
Net changes in plan fiduciary net position	-	-	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	-	-	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 4,339,884	\$ 3,172,526	\$ 4,425,353	\$ 3,728,912	\$ 5,589,327
Covered-employee payroll for the measurement period	\$ 5,580,295	\$ 4,711,851	\$ 4,167,591	\$ 4,167,591	\$ 3,755,183
OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	77.77%	67.33%	106.18%	89.47%	148.84%

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ The City implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, in 2018. The employer must eventually disclose a 10-year history. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information will be presented only for those years which information is available.

⁽²⁾ The City does not accumulate assets in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASBS No. 75 to pay related benefits.

⁽³⁾ The amounts shown in this schedule are presented for the measurement period.

⁽⁴⁾ There is no actuarial determined contribution to the OPEB plan.

CITY OF SATELLITE BEACH, FLORIDA

Nonmajor Governmental Funds and Capital Projects Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Community Services Fund — With revenues obtained primarily from donations, this fund aggregates the activity of the following six funds: the Advanced Life Support Trust Fund, the Beautification Trust Fund, the Police Donations Trust Fund, the Recreation Trust Fund, the Recycling Trust Fund and the Samsons Island Trust Fund.

These funds are used to purchase advanced life support equipment for the Satellite Beach Fire Department, items for the police department not covered by other funds, improvements to the City's recreation facilities and for the development and maintenance of Samsons Island Nature Park.

Law Enforcement Trust Fund – The Law Enforcement Trust Fund is used primarily to account for the proceeds of forfeitures from felony arrests which, pursuant to State law, can only be used for law enforcement investigations, training and equipment not normally funded by the General Fund.

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Capital Assets Fund – This fund is used to fund capital expenditures or items which replace a capital need. The funds primary source of revenue is from utility taxes and debt.

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds

		Special R	ever	nue		
						Total
				Law		Nonmajor
	C	Community	Enfo	orcement	Go	vernmental
September 30, 2022		Services		Trust		Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	159,828	\$	34,844	\$	194,672
Investments		13,888		2,713		16,601
Accounts receivable		4,048		-		4,048
Due from other governments		125,949		-		125,949
Total assets	\$	303,713	\$	37,557	\$	341,270
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	58,194	\$	-	\$	58,194
Total liabilities		58,194		-		58,194
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted		245,519		37,557		283,076
Total fund balances		245,519		37,557		283,076
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	303,713	\$	37,557	\$	341,270

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds

		Special F	Rev	enue	_	
						Total
				Law		Nonmajor
	(Community	Eı	nforcement	(Governmental
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022		Services		Trust		Funds
Revenues						
Charges for services	\$	515	\$	-	\$	515
Investment and other income		227,504		1,905		229,409
Total revenues		228,019		1,905		229,924
Expenditures						
Current:						
Public safety		17,553		1		17,554
Public works		171,325		-		171,325
Recreation		7,385		-		7,385
Capital outlay		66,342		-		66,342
Total expenditures		262,605		1		262,606
Net change in fund balances		(34,586)		1,904		(32,682)
Fund balances, beginning of year		280,105		35,653		315,758
Fund balances, end of year	\$	245,519	\$	37,557	\$	283,076

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Community Services Fund

				Va	riance with
				F	inal Budget
	Original	Final			Positive
For the year ended September 30, 2021	Budget	Budget	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 600	\$ 515	\$ 515	\$	-
Investment and other income	35,196	227,504	227,504		-
Total revenues	35,796	228,019	228,019		-
Expenditures					
Current:					
Public works	24,600	171,325	171,325		-
Recreation	22,199	25,068	7,385		17,683
Capital outlay	-	66,342	66,342		-
Total expenditures	46,799	262,735	262,605		130
Net change in fund balances	(11,003)	(34,716)	(34,586)		130
Fund balances, beginning of year	280,105	280,105	280,105		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 269,102	\$ 245,389	\$ 245,519	\$	130

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual – Law Enforcement Trust Fund

					Va	ariance with
					F	inal Budget
	Original		Final			Positive
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022	Budget	,	Budget	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues						
Investment and other income	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,905	\$	1,905
Total revenues	-		-	1,905		1,905
Expenditures						
Current:						
Public safety	-		-	1		(1)
Total expenditures	-		-	1		(1)
Net change in fund balances	-		-	1,904		1,904
Fund balances, beginning of year	35,653		35,653	35,653		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 35,653	\$	35,653	\$ 37,557	\$	1,904

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual – Capital Asset Fund

				Va	riance with
				F	inal Budget
	Original	Final			Positive
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022	Budget	Budget	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 837,000	\$ 999,818	\$ 906,182	\$	(93,636)
Intergovernmental	-	504,000	-		(504,000)
Interest and other	5,000	48,603	48,599		(4)
Total revenues	842,000	1,552,421	954,781		(597,640)
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	120	4	-		4
Capital outlay	553,002	2,092,905	1,476,745		616,160
Debt service:					
Principal retired	545,519	555,534	555,534		-
Interest and other	163,002	165,165	165,165		-
Total expenditures	1,261,643	2,813,608	2,197,444		616,164
Deficiency of revenues					
under expenditures	(419,643)	(1,261,187)	(1,242,663)		18,524
Other financing uses					
Transfers in	419,643	-	658,124		658,124
Net other financing uses	419,643	-	658,124		658,124
Net change in fund balances	-	(1,261,187)	(584,539)		676,648
Fund balances, beginning of year	244,957	244,957	244,957		-
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ 244,957	\$ (1,016,230)	\$ (339,582)	\$	676,648

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

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These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

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B. Revenue Capacity

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Additional Notes

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) (or financial statements) for the relevant year.



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City of Satellite Beach, Florida Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year ended September 30,	2022	2021	2020	2019	
Governmental activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 34,100,017	\$ 27,510,228	\$ 25,460,939	\$ 22,804,907	
Restricted	283,076	2,909,105	3,185,696	5,510,086	
Unrestricted	(8,397,013)	(7,696,211)	(9,741,400)	(10,806,671)	
Total governmental activities					
net position	25,986,080	22,723,122	18,905,235	17,508,322	
				_	
Primary government					
Net investment in capital assets	34,100,017	27,510,228	25,460,939	22,804,907	
Restricted	283,076	2,909,105	3,185,696	5,510,086	
Unrestricted	(8,397,013)	(7,696,211)	(9,741,400)	(10,806,671)	
Total primary government					
net position	\$ 25,986,080	\$ 22,723,122	\$ 18,905,235	\$ 17,508,322	

Source: City of Satellite Beach Support Services Department

Schedule A1

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$ 27,017,454	\$ 26,078,307	\$ 25,272,490	\$ 24,900,824	\$ 24,600,877	\$ 24,203,216
941,307	1,468,861	1,619,299	4,072,434	1,441,474	1,607,635
(11,463,063)	(7,654,678)	(5,481,463)	(7,791,388)	(1,516,601)	(1,782,751)
16,495,698	19,892,490	21,410,326	21,181,870	24,525,750	24,028,100
27,017,454	26,078,307	25,272,490	24,900,824	24,600,877	24,203,216
941,307	1,468,861	1,619,299	4,072,434	1,441,474	1,607,635
(11,463,063)	(7,654,678)	(5,481,463)	(7,791,388)	(1,516,601)	(1,782,751)
\$ 16,495,698	\$ 19,892,490	\$ 21,410,326	\$ 21,181,870	\$ 24,525,750	\$ 24,028,100

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year ended September 30,	2022	2021	2020	2019
Expenses:				
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 4,762,470	\$ 3,414,609	\$ 3,619,660	\$ 3,783,019
Public safety	6,029,889	5,040,014	6,066,516	6,145,653
Public works	3,451,619	2,838,554	2,808,928	3,545,573
Recreation	952,427	1,002,740	748,686	865,768
Interest and related costs				
on long term debt	260,428	297,871	336,377	269,538
Total expenses -				
governmental activities	15,456,833	12,593,788	13,580,167	14,609,551
Program revenues:				
Governmental activities:				
Charges for Services:				
General Government	\$ 433,292	\$ 388,114	\$ 347,199	\$ 273,052
Public Safety	337,168	300,949	256,554	279,803
Public Works	1,007,868	962,900	962,962	967,806
Recreation	580,286	536,985	324,079	598,230
Operating Grants and Contributions				
General Government	124,134	176,204	7,697	95,461
Public Safety	54,835	36,801	14,850	25,382
Public Works	3,210	24,391	23,961	23,276
Recreation	-	1,492	4,390	800
Capital Grants and Contributions				
General Government	1,098,118	-	-	-
Public Safety	9,125	27,780	-	16,343
Public Works	8,000		14,168	727,741
Recreation	1	-	-	120,000
Total program revenues -				
governmental activities	3,656,037	2,455,616	1,955,860	3,127,894
Net (expense) revenue -				
governmental activities	(11,800,796)	(10,138,172)	(11,624,307)	(11,481,657)

Schedule A2

 2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
					_
\$ 2,904,285	\$ 3,973,747	\$ 2,825,504	\$ 2,156,505	\$ 2,327,860	\$ 2,586,470
6,333,268	5,935,564	5,170,779	4,454,959	4,260,007	4,261,342
2,672,181	2,610,724	2,401,705	2,251,199	2,170,032	1,889,881
860,047	815,610	825,813	743,255	713,537	740,695
 271,391	270,548	327,277	282,025	270,351	287,553
13,041,172	13,606,193	11,551,078	9,887,943	9,741,787	9,765,941
13,0 11,172	13,000,133	11,331,070	3,007,313	3,7 11,707	3,703,311
\$ 286,774	365,836	166,775	173,258	164,886	151,936
139,136	137,209	132,088	128,765	127,559	130,331
498,839	425,057	497,699	498,609	315,315	314,332
595,078	563,425	631,519	625,639	586,734	581,961
-	-	_	-	-	-
22,015	30,086	213,429	31,556	57,225	52,141
22,665	29,471	23,880	14,230	37,079	101,804
300	101	350	100	4,621	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	1,000	1,000	180,104	9,888	30,000
-	-	-	-	11,397	266,890
 41,500	 32	 50,185	 715	 10,369	 6,542
1,606,307	1,552,217	1,716,925	1,652,976	1,325,073	1,635,937
 (11,434,865)	(12,053,976)	(9,834,153)	(8,234,967)	(8,416,714)	(8,130,004)

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year ended September 30,	2022	2021	2020	2019
General revenues:				_
Governmental activities:				
Property taxes	\$ 10,429,297	\$ 9,792,447	\$ 8,792,095	\$ 8,415,825
Franchise fees and other taxes	2,984,743	2,731,231	2,759,077	2,721,062
Share revenues not restricted to				
specific programs	1,260,528	1,080,144	990,429	1,015,263
Grants and contributions not				
restricted to specific programs	210	33,905	41,952	1,776
Unrestricted investment earnings	48,948	12,342	92,707	111,830
Miscellaneous	340,028	305,990	344,960	228,525
Total general revenues -				_
governmental activities	15,063,754	13,956,059	13,021,220	12,494,281
Change in net position -				
governmental activities	3,262,958	3,817,887	1,396,913	1,012,624
Change in net position -				
total government	\$ 3,262,958	\$ 3,817,887	\$ 1,396,913	\$ 1,012,624

(Continued from previous page)

Source: City of Satellite Beach Support Services Department

Schedule A2 (Continued)

	2018		2017	2016			2015		2014		2013
\$	7 254 025	\$	6 702 212	\$	6 271 252	\$	E 000 3E0	\$	E 606 772	\$	E 202 7E2
Ą	7,254,925	Ş	6,783,312	Ş	6,371,353	Ş	5,998,358	Ş	5,606,772	Ş	5,283,753
	2,627,465		2,596,137		2,633,925		2,285,666		2,310,949		2,193,001
	999,801		957,349		899,109		870,604		826,339		787,425
	10,935		2,051		1,484		9,850		665		23,561
	36,049		27,603		32,328		26,277		17,143		18,914
	587,146		169,688		124,410		114,860		152,496		188,583
	11,516,321		10,536,140		10,062,609		9,305,615		8,914,364		8,495,237
											-
	81,456		(1,517,836)		228,456		1,070,648		497,650		365,233
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>		•				·		<u> </u>
\$	81,456	\$	(1,517,836)	\$	228,456	\$	1,070,648	\$	497,650	\$	365,233

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal year ended September 30,	2022	2021	2020		2019
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$ 37,093	\$ 24,141	\$	175,667	\$ 130,814
Restricted	-	-		-	-
Assigned	3,096,748	2,536,661		2,384,718	1,635,635
Unassigned (deficit)	591,234	451,221		413,226	225,955
Total General Fund	\$ 3,725,075	\$ 3,012,023	\$	2,973,611	\$ 1,992,404
All other governmental funds:					
Nonspendable	\$ 558,895	\$ 7,189	\$	7,189	\$ 10,482
Restricted	283,076	2,901,916		3,178,507	5,510,086
Committed	31,066	-		-	-
Unassigned, reported in:					
Special revenue funds	(1,594,641)	129		-	-
Total all other governmental funds	\$ (721,604)	\$ 2,909,234	\$	3,185,696	\$ 5,520,568

Source: City of Satellite Beach Support Services Department

^{*} Beginning in FY 2011, GASB Statement No. 54 was implemented, classifying fund balances as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned

Schedule A3

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$ 152,565	\$ 87,165	\$ 113,249	\$ 49,457	\$ 139,410	\$ 81,682
-	-	-	-	149,868	149,868
852,745	852,745	852,745	852,745	562,244	367,274
 (213,044)	(307,572)	421,069	532,183	309,688	260,947
\$ 792,266	\$ 632,338	\$ 1,387,063	\$ 1,434,385	\$ 1,161,210	\$ 859,771
\$ 51,607	\$ 80,563	\$ 265,080	\$ 51,429	\$ 49,942	\$ 7,959
941,307	1,468,861	1,619,299	4,072,434	1,286,953	1,457,767
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
\$ 992,914	\$ 1,549,424	\$ 1,884,379	\$ 4,123,863	\$ 1,336,895	\$ 1,465,726

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal year ended September 30,	2022	2021	2020	2019
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 13,414,040	\$ 12,523,678	\$ 11,551,172	\$ 11,136,887
Licenses and permits	481,038	394,268	344,809	275,381
Intergovernmental	2,605,526	1,418,268	1,337,196	2,161,933
Charges for services	1,793,316	1,733,849	1,486,001	1,779,294
Fines and forfeitures	56,504	35,230	33,366	39,401
Interest and other	369,367	307,381	223,537	229,279
Total revenues	18,719,791	16,412,675	14,976,081	15,622,175
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	4,113,612	3,763,225	3,465,542	3,441,324
Public safety	5,969,339	5,640,600	5,690,981	5,439,259
Public works	3,061,197	2,462,437	2,141,429	1,977,289
Recreation	900,627	804,581	674,831	794,005
Capital outlay - small dollar items	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	3,738,498	5,826,075	3,063,771	2,588,713
Debt service:				
Principal retired	4,039,955	1,009,815	992,478	972,047
Interest and other	293,092	276,150	367,928	244,821
Total expenditures	22,116,320	19,782,883	16,396,960	15,457,458
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(3,396,529)	(3,370,208)	(1,420,879)	164,717
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	4,862,126	5,338,707	2,939,582	2,591,900
Transfers out	(4,862,126)	(5,338,707)	(2,905,368)	(2,591,900)
Refunding note issues	-	-	1,969,000	-
Proceeds from issurance of debt	435,181	3,132,149	-	5,000,000
Capital lease proceeds	43,571	-	-	-
Insurance proceeds	-	-	-	-
Payment to refund note escros			(1,936,000)	-
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	-	-	-	563,075
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	478,752	3,132,149	67,214	5,563,075
Net change in fund balances	\$ (2,917,777)	\$ (238,059)	\$ (1,353,665)	\$ 5,727,792
Debt Service as a Percentage of				
Noncapital Expenditures	31%	10%	11%	10%

Source: City of Satellite Beach Support Services Department

Schedule A4

 2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$ 9,882,390	\$ 9,379,449	\$ 9,005,278	\$ 8,284,024	\$ 7,917,721	\$ 7,476,754
278,451	352,094	160,259	168,765	157,751	143,214
1,412,978	1,092,446	1,025,845	1,183,288	1,027,435	1,320,520
1,177,239	1,067,431	1,208,085	1,199,362	976,143	970,811
38,678	45,657	43,538	45,748	47,522	54,415
331,523	151,280	336,529	77,404	87,918	149,240
13,121,259	12,088,357	11,779,534	10,958,591	10,214,490	10,114,954
2,901,189	2,841,906	2,716,039	2,182,951	2,209,815	2,241,669
5,432,558	5,338,401	4,692,448	4,384,001	4,104,501	4,010,613
2,022,736	1,994,331	1,740,589	1,581,961	1,515,572	1,324,307
758,407	749,825	778,573	731,330	697,086	727,624
63,013	271,075	-	-	-	-
1,976,024	1,354,830	3,258,577	588,574	1,245,634	838,416
1,741,124	772,453	616,719	653,824	837,949	787,186
288,890	264,330	263,395	275,807	272,298	290,512
15,183,941	13,587,151	14,066,340	10,398,448	10,882,855	10,220,327
 (2,062,682)	(1,498,794)	(2,286,806)	560,143	(668,365)	(105,373)
1,880,235	2,374,472	1,877,527	1,480,134	1,073,342	1,048,402
(1,880,235)	(2,374,472)	(1,877,527)	(1,480,134)	(1,073,342)	(1,048,402)
-	-	-	-	-	-
947,596	-	-	2,500,000	-	-
718,505	408,364	-	-	796,141	38,193
-	-	-	-	11,232	10,919
-	-	-	-	-	-
 -	750	-	-	33,600	2,900
1,666,101	409,114	-	2,500,000	840,973	52,012
\$ (396,581)	\$ (1,089,680)	\$ (2,286,806)	\$ 3,060,143	\$ 172,608	\$ (53,361)
18%	9%	9%	10%	13%	13%
				-,-	

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Taxable Value	Personal			
	Real Property for	Property for			New
Fiscal Year Ended	Operating	Operating	Gross Taxable	C	onstruction
September 30,	Purposes	Purposes	Value	Ta	xable Value
2022	\$ 1,129,733,686	\$ 17,736,567	1,147,470,253	\$	11,741,436
2021	1,054,565,675	15,439,162	1,070,004,837		67,581,541
2020	956,568,541	14,447,091	971,015,632		5,373,199
2019	904,489,814	13,121,899	917,611,713		2,318,960
2018	834,517,167	12,832,337	847,349,504		3,629,950
2017	776,785,520	12,007,698	788,793,218		4,006,655
2016	725,000,652	12,007,698	737,008,350		9,570,160
2015	677,596,138	18,663,326	696,259,464		2,826,100
2014	634,110,040	17,507,111	651,617,151		4,342,390
2013	594,293,870	16,119,343	610,413,213		8,942,693

Source: Brevard County Property Appraiser

Schedule B1

Adjusted Taxable	Final Taxable	Millage Rate Per		
Value	Value	\$1,000		
\$ 1,135,728,817	\$ 1,146,621,235	8.6312		
1,002,423,296	1,072,175,051	8.6312		
965,642,433	970,808,070	8.7000		
915,292,753	915,229,667	8.8212		
843,719,554	846,112,825	8.1518		
784,985,784	783,329,385	8.1518		
727,438,190	732,126,873	8.2900		
693,433,364	694,558,891	8.3206		
647,274,761	651,162,743	8.3206		
601,470,520	613,335,462	8.3979		

City of Satellite Beach, Florida
Tax Revenues by Source – Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended	Fiscal Year Ended		(Community		Local Option Gas		Communications	
September 30,	Pr	Property Taxes		Redevelopment		Taxes		Service Tax	
2022	\$	9,553,018	\$	876,279	\$	514,795	\$	401,331	
2021		8,950,625		841,822		465,205		370,987	
2020		8,160,178		631,917		450,516		396,054	
2019		7,801,789		614,035		477,362		386,233	
2018		6,680,787		574,138		446,200		393,709	
2017		6,257,854		525,458		481,213		377,634	
2016		5,895,283		476,070		483,307		403,528	
2015		5,574,093		424,265		437,585		428,137	
2014		5,229,663		377,109		412,020		452,746	
2013		4,948,763		334,990		392,344		492,286	

Source: City of Satellite Beach Support Services Department

Schedule B2

		Insurance			% Change
Local Business		Premium Tax	Utility and		over Prior
	Tax	(Pension)	Franchise Taxes	Total	Year
\$	38,948	\$ 208,882	\$ 1,820,787	\$ 13,414,040	7%
	31,184	199,381	1,664,474	12,523,678	8%
	31,445	249,122	1,631,940	11,551,172	4%
	49,653	227,857	1,579,958	11,136,887	13%
	42,674	220,026	1,524,856	9,882,390	5%
	48,583	202,278	1,486,429	9,379,449	4%
	40,597	235,710	1,470,783	9,005,278	9%
	50,817	208,658	1,160,469	8,284,024	5%
	43,679	238,563	1,163,941	7,917,721	6%
	47,566	219,955	1,040,850	7,476,754	1%

City of Satellite Beach, Florida
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates
Last Ten Fiscal Years

City	of Satellite Beach	Overlapping Rates				
Fiscal Year ended Steptember 30,	Operating Millage	Total Direct Rate	Brevard County School Board	Brevard County		
2022	8.6312	8.6312	5.8500	3.5661		
2021	8.6312	8.6312	5.9420	3.6929		
2020	8.7000	8.7000	6.3798	3.8196		
2019	8.8212	8.8212	6.2990	3.9456		
2018	8.1518	8.1518	6.2990	3.9456		
2017	8.1518	8.1518	6.5680	4.1550		
2016	8.2900	8.2900	6.9160	4.3631		
2015	8.3206	8.3206	7.3390	4.6814		
2014	8.3206	8.3206	7.6060	4.8239		
2013	8.3559	8.3559	8.0960	4.9063		

Source: Brevard County Tax Collector

Schedule B3

23.3376

	Overlapping Rates							
	St. Johns Water Fla Inland							
Brevard County	Management	Navigation	Total Direct and					
Special Districts	District	District	Overlapping					
1.2203	0.2189	0.0320	19.5185					
1.2752	0.2287	0.0320	19.8020					
1.0757	0.2414	0.0320	20.2485					
1.4084	0.2562	0.0320	20.7624					
1.4084	0.2562	0.0320	20.0930					
1.4475	0.2724	0.0320	20.6267					
1.4917	0.2885	0.0320	21.3813					
1.5496	0.3164	0.0345	22.2415					
1.5740	0.3283	0.0345	22.6873					

1.6136 0.3313 0.0345

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Prior Schedule B4

		Septem	nber 30,	2022	9/30/2013*			
				Percentage of Total			Percentage of Total	
		Taxable		Assesed	Taxable		Assessed	
Taxpayer	Ass	sessed Value	Rank	Value	Assessed Value	Rank	Value	
New Plan Venture Direct	\$	8,022,860	1	0.95%			0.00%	
Las Olas Beach Club Assoc. Inc.		6,110,750	2	0.72%			0.00%	
Satellite Beach I LLC		4,200,000	3	0.50%			0.00%	
Sand 905 LLC		3,215,410	4	0.38%			0.00%	
Port Village LLC		2,598,770	5	0.31%			0.00%	
Simon, Catherine		2,187,500	6	0.26%			0.00%	
Limestone WGFL LLC		2,179,770	7	0.26%			0.00%	
Pardue, John		2,175,740	8	0.26%			0.00%	
Castellon, Mauricio		2,043,510	9	0.24%			0.00%	
304 Lansing Island Revocable Tst.		2,014,590	10	0.24%			0.00%	
Total taxable assessed value for			•			•		
principal property taxpayers	\$	34,748,900		4.12%	\$ -		0.00%	

Source: Brevard County Tax Collector

^{*} Historical information not available due to system conversion at the Brevard County Tax Collector's office.

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule B5

Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy

Total Collections to Date

			 <i> </i>					
					Delinquent			
Fiscal Year Ended	То	tal Tax Levy for	Amount	Percentage	Taxes	Amount	Percentage	
September 30,		Fiscal Year	Collected	of Levy	Collected	Collected	of Levy	
2022	\$	9,904,045	\$ 9,431,321	95%	\$ 121,697	\$ 9,553,018	96%	
2021		9,235,426	8,817,725	95%	132,900	8,950,625	97%	
2020		8,447,836	7,905,289	94%	254,889	8,160,178	97%	
2019		8,094,436	7,680,512	95%	121,278	7,801,789	96%	
2018		6,907,424	6,595,105	95%	85,682	6,680,787	97%	
2017		6,431,709	6,257,854	97%	-	6,257,854	97%	
2016		6,109,799	5,857,461	96%	37,822	5,895,283	96%	
2015		5,793,296	5,452,035	94%	122,058	5,574,093	96%	
2014		5,421,846	5,229,663	96%	-	5,229,663	96%	
2013		5,126,189	4,805,952	94%	142,811	4,948,763	97%	

Source: Brevard County Tax Collector

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule C1

338,530,634

1.79%

586

	Governmenta	al Activities	_						
				Total		Percentage			
Fiscal Year Ended		Financed	Lease	Outstanding	Total Personal	of Personal	Debt Per		
September 30,	Note Payable	Purchase*	Liability	Debt	Income	Income	Capita		
2022	\$ 8,420,776	\$ 43,466	\$ 232,196	\$ 8,696,438	\$ 520,044,878	1.67%	763		
2021	11,983,387	-	-	11,983,387	471,025,912	2.54%	1,057		
2020	9,744,457	116,716	-	9,861,173	452,529,042	2.18%	906		
2019	10,556,576	264,075	-	10,820,651	421,282,560	2.57%	1,019		
2018	6,384,317	408,381	-	6,792,698	346,508,232	1.96%	657		
2017	6,048,060	819,662	-	6,867,722	368,427,800	1.86%	654		
2016	6,633,525	598,286	-	7,231,811	367,761,375	1.97%	690		
2015	7,150,490	698,040	-	7,848,530	373,540,521	2.10%	754		
2014	5,202,033	800,321	-	6,002,354	344,632,680	1.74%	583		

6,044,162

2013

Source: City of Satellite Beach Support Services Department

5,730,034

314,128

^{*} Previously referred to as capital leases

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of September 30, 2022 Schedule C2

At September 30, 2022

Governmental Unit	Dek	ot Outstanding (1)	Applicable Percentage (2)	City's Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt								
Brevard County	\$	11,848,225	3.32%	\$	392,841							
•	City of Satellite Beach Direct Debt (Governmental Activity) Total Note Payable & Capital Leases -											
Total Direct and Overlap	oing De	bt		\$	392,841							

Sources: (1) City of Satellite Beach Support Services Department

(2) Brevard County Finance Department

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule C3

Fiscal Year Ended	[Debt Coverage		Debt Service	De	bt Service
September 30,		Revenues	F	Requirements		overage
2022	\$	5,657,122	\$	1,201,038		4.71
2021		5,337,022		2,785,294		1.92
2020		3,580,723		1,329,406		2.69
2019		2,817,875		903,755		3.12
2018		2,510,657		680,560		3.69
2017		2,301,510		674,125		3.41
2016		2,105,016		513,014		4.10
2015		1,638,743		467,256		3.51
2014		1,062,911		467,325		2.27
2013		950,849		467,780		2.03

Note: Detail regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Source: City of Satellite Beach Support Services Department

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule C4

			Ratio of Net	Net Bonded
		Net Bonded	Bonded Debt to	Debt Per
Population (2)	Assessed Value(1)	Debt	Assessed Value	Capita
11,393	\$ 1,146,621,235	-	0.00%	0.00
11,332	\$ 1,072,175,051	-	0.00%	0.00
10,887	970,808,070	-	0.00%	0.00
10,617	915,229,667	-	0.00%	0.00
10,346	846,112,825	-	0.00%	0.00
10,504	783,329,385	-	0.00%	0.00
10,485	732,126,873	-	0.00%	0.00
10,403	694,558,891	-	0.00%	0.00
10,290	651,162,743	-	0.00%	0.00
10,322	613,335,462	-	0.00%	0.00
	11,393 11,332 10,887 10,617 10,346 10,504 10,485 10,403 10,290	Population (2) Assessed Value(1) 11,393 \$ 1,146,621,235 11,332 \$ 1,072,175,051 10,887 970,808,070 10,617 915,229,667 10,346 846,112,825 10,504 783,329,385 10,485 732,126,873 10,403 694,558,891 10,290 651,162,743	Population (2) Assessed Value(1) Debt 11,393 \$ 1,146,621,235 - 11,332 \$ 1,072,175,051 - 10,887 970,808,070 - 10,617 915,229,667 - 10,346 846,112,825 - 10,504 783,329,385 - 10,485 732,126,873 - 10,403 694,558,891 - 10,290 651,162,743 -	Net Bonded Bonded Debt to Assessed Value(1) Debt Assessed Value 11,393 \$ 1,146,621,235 - 0.00% 11,332 \$ 1,072,175,051 - 0.00% 10,887 970,808,070 - 0.00% 10,617 915,229,667 - 0.00% 10,346 846,112,825 - 0.00% 10,504 783,329,385 - 0.00% 10,485 732,126,873 - 0.00% 10,403 694,558,891 - 0.00% 10,290 651,162,743 - 0.00%

As of September 30, 2022 the City of Satellite Beach has no General Bonded Debt.

Sources: (1) Brevard County Property Appraiser

(2) University of Florida Bureau of Economic and Business Reasearch

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal year ended September 30,	2022	2021	2020	2019	
Debt limit	\$ 64,538,616	\$ 53,608,753	\$ 48,540,404	\$ 45,761,483	
Total net debt applicable to limit	\$ 11,983,387	\$ 11,983,387	\$ 9,861,173	\$ 10,820,651	
Legal debt margin	\$ 52,555,229	\$ 41,625,366	\$ 38,679,231	\$ 34,940,832	
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of the debt limit	19%	22%	20%	24%	

Source: City Ordinance 1019 limits the City's total outstanding indebtedness to less than 5% of the assessed value of all taxable property, as determined by the most recent assessment.

Schedule C5

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014		2013	
\$ 4	42,305,641	\$ 39,166,469	\$ 36,606,344	\$ 34,727,945	\$ 32,558,137	\$	30,666,773	
\$	6,792,698	6,867,722	7,231,811	7,848,530	6,002,354		6,044,162	
\$ 3	35,512,943	\$ 32,298,747	\$ 29,374,533	\$ 26,879,415	\$ 26,555,783	\$	24,622,611	
	16%	18%	20%	23%	18%		20%	

City of Satellite Beach, Florida
Demographic and Economic Statistics
Last Ten Fiscal Years
Schedule D1

				Med	lian		
Fiscal Year Ended		Median	Per Capita	House	ehold	Public School	Unemployment
September 30,	Population (1)	Age (2)	Income (2)	Incom	ne (2)	Enrollment (2)	Rate (3)
2022	11,393	42.2	\$ 45,646	\$ 92	2,750	3,018	5.3%
2021	11,332	44.2	41,566	79	9,082	3,077	1.7%
2020	10,887	44.3	41,566	79	9,082	3,077	1.7%
2019	10,617	45.4	39,680	74	4,800	2,572	2.3%
2018	10,346	43.1	33,492	63	3,793	2,910	5.2%
2017	10,504	43.1	35,075	63	3,170	2,697	3.6%
2016	10,485	43.1	35,075	63	3,170	2,697	5.2%
2015	10,403	42.9	35,907	65	5,000	2,694	5.8%
2014	10,290	43.9	33,492	63	3,793	2,623	6.7%
2013	10,322	45.3	32,797	63	3,014	2,470	8.1%

Sources: (1) University of Florida Bureau of Economic and Business Reasearch

(2) US Census Bureau

(3) Bureau of Labor Statistics (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Prior Schedule D2

Number of Number of	Ni la a f	
	Number of	
Employees Rank Employees	Employees	Employer
100-249		Lighting Science Group Corporation
100-249 1 100-249	100-249	Publix Super Market Inc.
101-249 2 100-249	101-249	City of Satellite Beach
50-99 3 10-49	50-99	Blackbaud Inc.
50-99 4 10-49	50-99	A P T Research Inc.
50-99 5	50-99	Long Doggers III Inc.
10-49 6	10-49	Pappagallos Inc.
10-49 7	10-49	Amwins Brokerage of Florida Inc.
10-49 8 10-49	10-49	USPS Mel-Satellite Beach Branch
10-49 9 10-49	10-49	McDonald's Restaurant
10-49 10	10-49	Taco Bell US Leader
10-49		The Haven for Children Inc.
10-49		Mojo's of Brevard Inc.
50-99		Millennium Engineering and Integration
100-249 1 100-249 101-249 2 100-249 50-99 3 10-49 50-99 4 10-49 50-99 5 10-49 10-49 6 10-49 10-49 7 10-49 10-49 9 10-49 10-49 10 10-49 10-49 10-49 10-49	101-249 50-99 50-99 50-99 10-49 10-49 10-49	Publix Super Market Inc. City of Satellite Beach Blackbaud Inc. A P T Research Inc. Long Doggers III Inc. Pappagallos Inc. Amwins Brokerage of Florida Inc. USPS Mel-Satellite Beach Branch McDonald's Restaurant Taco Bell US Leader The Haven for Children Inc. Mojo's of Brevard Inc.

Source: Economic Development Commission of Florida's Space Coast

Note: Figures are for zip code 32937 No longer exact number of employees.

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Full-time Equivalent Employees	2022	2021	2020	2019
Function				
General Government				
City Clerk	3	3	3	2
Support Services	13	9	8	8
Police	40	40	40	40
Fire	22	20	19	18
Community Dedevelopment	4	4	5	5
Public Works	29	24	20	18
Recreation	9	8	8	8
Total	120	108	103	99

Source: City Support Services Department

Notes: Full-Time Equivalents are calculated, every 3 part time equals 1 full time.

Schedule E1

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
2	2	2	3	3	3
8	9	7	7	6	6
38	38	38	35	33	32
18	18	18	17	17	17
5	4	4	3	3	4
18	18	17	17	16	16
8	8	8	9	13	13
97	97	94	91	91	91

City of Satellite Beach, Florida Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2022	2021	2020	2019
Community Development				
Building permits issued	1,753	1,992	1,983	1,971
Building inspections conducted	3,013	3,496	3,273	3,444
Police				
Arrests/Traffic Arrests	201	182	114	200
DUI's	78	97	36	64
Tickets	1,378	1,728	801	1,183
Fire				
Structure/Other Fires	23	18	21	22
Incidents/Call Outs	2,622	2,332	2,121	1,633
Annual Inspections	542	535	133	315
Public Works				
Replacement stormwater pipe (feet)	2,775	2,950	44	60
Replacement of storm drain inlets	27	56	33	1
Replacement of curbs (feet)	65	8,086	-	-
Replacement of sidewalk (feet)	145	1,274	113	113
Replacement of gutter (feet)	-	- -	146	120
Asphalt patching (tons)	142	1,158	71	18

Source: Various City of Satellite Beach Departments

Note [A]: Indicates data was stored on a previous computer software and is no longer available.

Schedule E2

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
2.006	4 504	4 266	4 502	4 477	4 400
2,006	1,594	1,366	1,582	1,477	1,408
3,408	2,232	2,023	2,126	2,036	1,908
222	227	225	225	240	242
322	327	325	325	310	313
91	71	76	67	71	88
1,348	1,263	1,494	1,453	1,664	1,846
13	22	25	30	35	26
1,398	1,501	1,377	1,350	1,385	1,211
264	285	273	226	178	131
40	775	398	180	451	316
10	15	16	7	13	10
-	295	1,181	-	492	246
208	230	984	300	505	402
97	-	-	80	27	53
21	-	10	16	8	12

City of Satellite Beach, Florida
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years
Schedule E3

Function/Program	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Schools	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Elementary	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Middle School	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
High School	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Police										
Station	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Police Officers	23	23	23	23	21	21	21	21	21	21
Fire										
Station	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Firefighters	17	17	17	17	15	15	15	15	15	15
Other Public Works										
Streets (linear miles)	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
Streetlights	475	475	475	435	435	435	435	435	435	435
Parks and Recreation										
Oceanfront Parks	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Desoto Park Tennis Courts	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Samsons Island Nature Park	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Football Field	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Soccer Field	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Baseball Field	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Skatepark	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Dog Park	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Source: Various City of Satellite Beach Departments

Source: Various City of Satellite Beach Departments







INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Satellite Beach, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Satellite Beach, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 24, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Satellite Beach, Florida's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described below as MW 2022-001, that we consider to be a material weakness.

MW 2022-001 CAPITAL ASSET INVENTORY

<u>Criteria</u>: Best practices for capital asset management state that local governments should establish a system of tracking capital assets to provide records that allow for accurate planning, budgeting and financial reporting. Further, financial reporting in compliance with professional standards relies on the completeness and accuracy of these records.

<u>Condition</u>: The cost basis of the City's capital assets in the subledger of the City's accounting system is not in agreement with the general ledger as of September 30, 2022.

<u>Cause</u>: In previous years, the City utilized manual spreadsheets to maintain their capital asset records. In the transition of the capital asset records from manual spreadsheets to the asset management module of the City's new accounting system, the City is reconciling asset records to physical inventories; establishing better asset classification between buildings, improvements other than buildings, equipment and infrastructure; identifying capitalized assets with a cost basis below the City's capitalization threshold or that are no longer in use; identifying and correcting duplications; and separating the capital assets of the Community Redevelopment Agency from those of the City. At September 30, 2022, this review, reconciliation and clean-up process is ongoing.

<u>Effect</u>: The City is still researching a difference in the cost basis of capital assets between the manual spreadsheets and the capital asset subledger in BS&A of approximately \$700,000.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The City should continue in its efforts to ensure the information in the City's capital asset subledger is complete, accurate and in sufficient detail to allow the City to properly plan and budget for capital asset renewal and replacement and for financial reporting in compliance with professional standards.

Management Response: The City has worked and will continue to work diligently on this issue. As the City transitions to updated software and technology, the challenge with manual spreadsheets is uncovered. Staff has completed inventory each year to help alleviate discrepancies and will be completing a more hands on approach to ensure the information is complete, accurate and in sufficient detail.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Satellite Beach, Florida's Responses to Findings

arr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

The City of Satellite Beach, Florida's responses to the finding identified in our audit is described above. The City of Satellites Beach, Florida's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Melbourne, Florida March 24, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Satellite Beach, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Satellite Beach, Florida (the "City") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated March 24, 2023.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 24, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. The status of each finding and recommendation made in the preceding annual financial audit report, is noted below:

Prior Year Management Letter Comments:	_
2021-001 Proceeds from the Issuance of Debt	Corrected
2021-002 Revenue Receipting and Reconciliation	Corrected
2021-003 Review of Information Provided to Florida	
Department of Retirement	Corrected

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority of the City of Satellite Beach, Florida and its component units is disclosed in the footnotes. The City of Satellite Beach, Florida includes the following component units:

Component Unit:	Established by:
1. City of Satellite Beach Police Officers' and Firefighters'	
Retirement System	City Ordinance
2. City of Satellite Beach General Employees Retirement System	City Ordinance
3. City of Satellite Beach Community Redevelopment Agency	City Ordinance

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City of Satellite Beach, Florida met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City of Satellite Beach, Florida did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City of Satellite Beach, Florida. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we have the following recommendations.

IC 2022-002 BUILDING SURCHARGES

<u>Criteria</u>: Florida Statutes 468.631 and 553.721 each require a surcharge to be assessed on building permits fees. The surcharge is to be collected by the City and remitted to the State.

Condition: The City did not accurately calculate building surcharge fees.

<u>Cause</u>: The building permit software configuration required a manual entry into the field which calculated the surcharges. The design of the data entry process, and review control for building permits was not designed or operating appropriately to detect and correct errors in data entry which would miscalculate the building surcharge.

<u>Effect</u>: The Building Department charged customers more or less than the expected amount. The net effect was an under-collection of surcharges of \$463.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The Building Department should work with its software vendor to remove the manual entry requirement related to surcharge calculation. The Building Department and its software vendor should use an automated IT application control tied to the original permit data entry to automate the calculation of the surcharge amount. The Building Department should evaluate the controls associated with the review of building permits to determine they are designed to detect surcharges and permit fees which are not charged accurately or completely.

<u>Management Response</u>: The Building Department has worked with the software vendor to help alleviate this issue. The staff has also put controls in place for a two-person verification to reduce for human error. Staff will continue to work with the software vendor along with IT to find a control to tie the original permit data entry to automate the calculation of the surcharge amount. Finance is reviewing all of the permits when submitting the surcharges to allow for additional review.

IC 2022-003 COMPENSATED ABSENCES

<u>Criteria</u>: Financial reporting in compliance with professional standards relies on the completeness and accuracy of underlying accounting records.

<u>Condition</u>: The estimated liability for compensated absences at the beginning of the fiscal year was understated.

<u>Cause</u>: The manual spreadsheet used by the City to calculate the estimated liability for compensated absences contained formula errors.

<u>Effect</u>: The estimated liability for compensated absences at September 30, 2021 was understated. The understatement was estimated to be approximately \$145,000.

<u>Recommendation</u>: With the City's new accounting software, the City can generate a report of compensated absences by employee. This report can be used to calculate the estimated liability for compensated absences with less manual intervention than the spreadsheet currently in use by the City. Controls should be put in place for an independent review of the estimate to include recalculations to ensure that formulas in the manual spreadsheet are working as intended.

Management Response: Compensated absences has been kept and controlled on an excel spreadsheet for many years. When we moved to BS&A, our accounting software, there were many learning opportunities and the ability to report compensated absences was one. This report was used this year and in doing so found a large discrepancy from previous years due to an excel formula error. Going forward the report will be prepared with BS&A as it has the accurate information and the information is reviewed internally by staff multiple times a year.

Special District Component Unit

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the City Council members, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Melbourne, Florida March 24, 2023

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH LOCAL GOVERNMENT INVESTMENT POLICIES

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Satellite Beach, Florida

We have examined the City of Satellite Beach, Florida's (the "City") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, Local Government Investment Policies, during the year ended September 30, 2022. Management of the City is responsible for the City's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the AICPA. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Agency complied with the specified requirements, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Agency complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Melbourne, Florida March 24, 2023

arr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.